

Historic, archived document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

KILGORE'S BRED-RITE SEEDS

TRADE MARK

FALL 1935

THREE NEW
KILGORE SPECIALTIES



Kilgore's Pride Celery

This variety of celery is the result of many years of breeding and selection work on the part of the Kilgore Seed Company in an endeavor to develop a strain of celery especially suited to Florida conditions. Kilgore's Pride produces high yields, is of vigorous growth, with long, broad thick ribs, and with an exceptionally heavy, deep golden yellow colored heart. For more detailed description see page 8. Oz. \$1.50; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$4.00; Lb. \$15.00; 10 lbs. \$13.50 lb. Postpaid.

Kilgore's Improved Grothen Red Globe Tomato

Kilgore's Improved stock of Grothen Red Globe has been especially selected to bring it up to the highest degree of perfection as to earliness and high yield of large sized, perfectly globe-shaped, firm, smooth, fancy fruits. This new variety is rapidly gaining in popularity wherever it has been tried. For more detailed description see page 17. Oz. 55c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75; Lb. \$6.00; 10 lbs. \$5.50 lb. Postpaid.

Kilgore's Colossal Ruby King Pepper

This new improved strain of Ruby King has been developed by the Kilgore Seed Company to satisfy the demand of Florida pepper growers for a pepper of the long bearing and high yielding Ruby King type, but improved to produce larger sized, broad, heavy, thick meated, fancy fruits so much in demand among the buyers and in the markets. For more detailed description see page 14. Oz. 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.40; Lb. \$5.00; 10 lbs. \$4.50 lb. Postpaid.

THE KILGORE SEED COMPANY

GENERAL OFFICES AND MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT, PLANT CITY, FLORIDA

Fifteen Distributing Points and Mail Order Department Serving Florida and the South

BELLE GLADE
GAINESVILLE
HOMESTEAD
MIAMI

PAHOKEE
PALMETTO
PLANT CITY
POMPANO

SANFORD
VERO BEACH
WAUCHULA
WEST PALM BEACH

AGENCIES IN THE WEST INDIES
HAVANA, CUBA
NASSAU, BAHAMAS
NUEVA GERONA, ISLE OF PINES

Important Directions to Customers

By carefully observing the following directions, mistakes and misunderstandings will be very largely avoided.

How to Order

Please be careful to sign your name, box number, street or rural route, post office and State on every order. Be sure to tell us your nearest express or freight office should you desire the seed forwarded by express or freight. Write plainly.

Cash With Order

Ours is a cash business and our prices are made on that basis. Customers are requested to remit when ordering and by so doing save the C.O.D. fee charged by express companies, banks, and postal authorities for collecting and returning money.

C. O. D.

Perishable items such as strawberry plants, rose bushes, nursery stock, etc., are not sent C. O. D. under any circumstances.

How to Send Money

Remittances should be made by post-office money orders, express money orders, drafts or checks.

Remittance by Stamps

On orders for seeds where the amount is less than 50 cents, we will accept stamps in good condition (two- and three-cent stamps preferred) the same as cash, but we would ask those remitting stamps to wrap them in oiled paper, if possible, to prevent their sticking together or to the order.

Cuba and the West Indies

For the convenience of our customers in the West Indies we have established the following agencies: M. J. Diaz y Cia, Muralla 75-77, Havana, Cuba; Mr. A. C. Kopf, Nueva Gerona, Isle of Pines; and Mr. F. C. Albury, Nassau, Bahamas. These agents carry a full line of Kilgore's seeds during the season.

Direct shipments from Plant City are not prepaid. See "Postal Information."

Seeds Postpaid by Parcel Post

Please bear in mind that the prices given in this Catalog include delivery on all seeds to any point in Florida or the South.

All Deliveries Outside the United States are made F.O.B. Plant City.

Prices Subject to Change

This Catalog is printed in May and June. The market on many items of garden and field seeds, as well as supplies, has not yet been fully established. Consequently, prices on these items indicate value at time these pages are printed. In practically all cases orders will be filled at prices indicated in this Catalog, but all prices are subject to change without notice.

Non-Warranty

We give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness, or any other matter of any seeds or bulbs we sell, and we will not be responsible for the crop.

No reputable seedsman gives any warranty. We test our seeds for germination and trueness to type before we send them to our customers. We have the fullest confidence in the quality of all the seeds we sell but we have no control over them after they leave our hands. Satisfactory germination and production are dependent upon many factors other than the quality of the seed, such as methods of planting, cultivating, and fertilizing. If we should warrant or guarantee seeds in any way, we could be held responsible for the failure of the crop, regardless of cause, and this is a responsibility we cannot accept.

No Seeds Returned

For your protection we will not permit seeds to be returned, unless mistake was made in filling order. No customer would want to plant seeds that had been returned, nor would we feel safe in filling an order with returned seed. This is one reason we have never followed the policy of putting out our seeds with dealers. Our seeds are never out of our hands until they are sold to you direct through our mail-order department or through one of our stores.

Important Postal Information

When you order your seeds to come by express or freight we can send them collect, so you may pay the transportation charges on delivery. When ordering your seeds to be shipped by express or freight, always give your express or freight station, if it is not the same as your post-office. If your order is to be sent parcel-post, the postage must be paid in advance, and you must send us the amount of postage in addition to the cost of the seeds. Do not have your order delayed or reduced by failing to add necessary postage. It will be found plainly stated above each item whether or not it is postpaid.

PARCEL-POST RATES WITHIN THE UNITED STATES

New postal rates went into effect on October 1, 1932. The weight limit for all zones is 70 pounds.

From the Fourth to the Eighth Zone, shipments weighing 10 pounds or more usually go as cheaply by express. Any weight up to 40 pounds in the first and second zones and 22 pounds in the third zone will usually go just as cheaply by parcel post as by freight or express.

In many sections of Florida that are not easily accessible by freight or express, parcel-post service will be found not only far more satisfactory, but more economical. If you are on a rural route, delivery will be made to your door by Uncle Sam's method of transportation.

Most Florida points are in the First or Second Zone; however, Jacksonville north, Live Oak north and west, and points on the East Coast south of Delray are in the Third Zone.

First and Second Zone, first pound 8 cts., each additional pound 1.1 cts. First and Second Zone, peck (15 lbs.) 24 cts.

	First lb.	Each Additional lb.
Third Zone	9 cts.	2 cts.
Fourth Zone	10 cts.	3.5 cts.
Fifth Zone	11 cts.	5.3 cts.
Sixth Zone	12 cts.	7 cts.
Seventh Zone	14 cts.	9 cts.
Eighth Zone	15 cts.	11 cts.

Parcel-Post Zones Within the United States

First Zone, within 50 miles from Plant City, Fla.
Second Zone, within 50 to 150 miles from Plant City, Fla.
Third Zone, within 150 to 300 miles from Plant City, Fla.
Fourth Zone, within 300 to 600 miles from Plant City, Fla.
Fifth Zone, within 600 to 1000 miles from Plant City, Fla.
Sixth Zone, within 1000 to 1400 miles from Plant City, Fla.
Seventh Zone, within 1400 to 1800 miles from Plant City, Fla.
Eighth Zone, all over 1800 miles from Plant City, Fla.

If in doubt about your zone rate, obtain it from your postmaster and be sure to send enough to cover necessary postage. If you send too much, it will be returned to you.

Parcel-Post Service With Cuba

Effective September 1, 1930, the parcel-post rate to Cuba was made 14 cts. for each pound or fraction thereof. The maximum weight limit is 22 pounds, minimum 8 ounces. Packages of merchandise weighing 8 ounces or less are subject to the postage rate of 1½ cts. for each 2 ounces or fraction of 2 ounces. The registry fee is 15 cts. in addition to the postage.

Parcel Post Shipments weighing over eight ounces must have a consular invoice, the minimum charge being 75 cents plus 5% ad valorem in addition to postage.

Order Early

The demand for our "Bred-Rite" brands of seeds is so great that each year we find ourselves completely sold out on many items before the season is over. Therefore, it behooves our friends to order or book their season's requirements early so as to be sure of being able to secure their supply of our high-quality seeds. It will also greatly facilitate shipments if orders are sent in early. We aim to ship all orders the same day they are received, but sometimes it is impossible during the rush season.

For Your Convenience

Two order blanks are placed in this Catalog for your convenience, one inside the front cover and another inside the back cover. A second order during the season is frequently necessary. Additional order blanks furnished upon request.

THE KILGORE SEED COMPANY

A FLORIDA INSTITUTION MAINTAINED FOR SERVICE TO FLORIDA GROWERS
TWELVE KILGORE STORES AND MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT SERVING FLORIDA



GAINESVILLE
300-4 E. Union St.



SANFORD
300-2 W. First St.



VERO BEACH
1095 Twentieth St.



PALMETTO
917-19 E. Myrtle St.



PAHOKEE
313-19 Belle Glade Rd.



PLANT CITY
107 N. Evers St.



WAUCHULA
702-6 W. Main St.



BELLE GLADE
301-3 Main St.



WEST PALM BEACH
910 Belvedere Road



POMPANO
314-20 Flagler Ave.



MIAMI
140 N. W. 5th St.



HOMESTEAD
45-46 So. Flagler Ave.

VEGETABLE PLANTING CHART

Variety	Seed required for 50 ft. of row	Seed required to sow an acre	Seed required to produce a given number of plants	Distance between rows inches	Distance apart in row inches	Depth of planting inches
Beans, Bush.....	1 lb.	50 to 60 lbs.		24 to 36	2 to 3	1 1/2 to 2
Beans, Pole.....	1/2 lb.	15 to 30 lbs.		40 to 48	6 to 8	1 1/2 to 2
Beet.....	1 pkt.	6 to 8 lbs.		14 to 24	1 to 3	1/2 to 1
Beet Mangel & Sugar.....	1 pkt.	4 to 5 lbs.		18 to 30	2 to 6	1/2 to 1
Broccoli.....	1 pkt.	4 oz.	1 oz. to 5000	20 to 36	16 to 22	1/2 to 1
Brussels Sprouts.....	1 pkt.	4 oz.	1 oz. to 5000	20 to 36	16 to 22	1/2 to 3/4
Cabbage.....	1 pkt.	6 oz.	1 oz. to 5000	24 to 36	14 to 24	1/2
Carrot.....	1 pkt.	4 lbs.		16 to 24	1 to 4	1/2
Cauliflower.....	1 pkt.	4 oz.	1 oz. to 4500	24 to 30	20 to 24	1/2
Celery.....	1 pkt.	8 oz.	1 oz. to 8000	30 to 40	4 to 6	1/2
Collards.....	1 pkt.	4 oz.	1 oz. to 4000	24 to 30	14 to 18	1/2
Corn, Pop.....	1 pkt.	6 to 10 lbs.		34 to 40	6 to 8	1
Corn, Sweet & Field.....	1/2 lb.	7 to 14 lbs.		34 to 42	5 to 6	1
Cucumber.....	1 pkt.	2 to 3 lbs.		48 to 60	36 to 48	1/2 to 3/4
Eggplant.....	1 pkt.	6 to 8 oz.	1 oz. to 2000	36 to 60	18 to 36	1/2
Endive.....	1 pkt.	1/2 to 1 lb.	1 oz. to 2000	18 to 24	8 to 12	3/4
Kale.....	1 pkt.	4 to 5 lbs.		24 to 32	18 to 22	1/2
Kohl Rabi.....	1 pkt.	4 to 5 lbs.		14 to 24	4 to 6	1/2
Lettuce.....	1 pkt.	1/2 to 1 lb.	1 oz. to 2000	12 to 18	4 to 8	3/4
Melon, Musk.....	1 pkt.	1 to 2 lbs.		48 to 60	48 to 60	3/4
Melon, Water.....	1 pkt.	1 to 4 lbs.		90 to 100	90 to 100	3/4
Mustard.....	1 pkt.	4 lbs.		14 to 24	4 to 6	1/2
Okra.....	1 pkt.	8 to 10 lbs.		24 to 40	10 to 15	1 to 2
Onion.....	1 pkt.	4 to 5 lbs.		18 to 24	3 to 4	3/4
Onion Sets.....	1 qt.	6 to 8 bu.		12 to 24	2 to 3	3/4
Parsnip.....	1 pkt.	3 to 4 lbs.		18 to 24	3 to 4	3/4
Parsley.....	1 pkt.	3 to 4 lbs.		12 to 20	4 to 6	3/4
Peas.....	1/2 lb.	56 to 90 lbs.		36 to 48	1 to 2	1 to 2
Pepper.....	1 pkt.	1/2 to 1 lb.	1 oz. to 1000	20 to 36	18 to 20	1/2
Pumpkin.....	1 pkt.	1 to 2 lbs.		95 to 110	60 to 80	3/4
Radish.....	1 pkt.	4 to 6 lbs.		12 to 18	1 to 2	3/4
Rhubarb.....	1 pkt.	3 lbs.		24 to 42	18 to 24	3/4
Ruta Baga.....	1 pkt.	2 to 4 lbs.		18 to 24	4 to 7	3/4
Sage.....	1 pkt.	4 to 5 lbs.		20 to 24	6 to 10	1/2
Salsify.....	1 oz.	7 to 8 lbs.		20 to 24	2 to 3	3/4
Spinach.....	1 pkt.	10 to 14 lbs.		14 to 24	3 to 8	3/4
Squash, Bush.....	1 pkt.	2 to 3 lbs.		42 to 48	24 to 48	3/4
Squash, Running.....	1 pkt.	1 lb.		70 to 90	60 to 90	3/4
Sunflower.....	1/2 lb.	6 to 8 lbs.		36 to 70	10 to 12	1
Tomato.....	1 pkt.	2 to 4 oz.	1 oz. to 2000	40 to 60	30 to 40	1/2
Turnip.....	1 pkt.	2 lbs.		12 to 20	2 to 4	1/2

WHAT AND WHEN TO PLANT IN FLORIDA

FIELD SEEDS FOR FALL PLANTING IN FLORIDA

Aside from the grasses, oats, rape and rye are the only field crop seeds suitable for fall planting in Florida. Plant oats (2 bu. or 64 lbs. per acre) from October to January, rape (4 to 8 lbs. per acre) from September to March, and rye (14 to 15 lbs. per acre) from September to January.

JANUARY AND FEBRUARY. Beets, Beans, Brussels Sprouts Cabbage, Chinese Cabbage, Cantaloupes, Carrots, Collards, Cauliflower, Sweet Corn, Cress, Cucumbers, Eggplants, Endive, Kale, Lettuce, Mustard, Onion Seed, Onion Sets, Parsnips, Parsley, Pepper, Garden Peas, Potatoes, Radishes, Rape, Romaine, Rye, Sage, Salsify, Spinach, Squash, Tomatoes, Turnips, Rutabagas, Watermelon.

MARCH. Pole, Lima, Bush, and Field Beans; Benne, Bermuda, and all other Grasses; Cabbage, Carrots, Cantaloupes, Chufas, Collards, Crotalaria, Cress, Eggplants, Kale, Lettuce, Mustard; Sweet, Field, Kaffir, and Pop-Corn; Cucumbers, Potatoes, Radishes, Golden and Pearl Millet, Okra, Tomatoes, Turnips, Cowpeas; Velvet and Soy Beans; Peanuts, Pumpkins, Rice, Rape, Spinach, Sorghum; Sage, Squashes, Sunflower, Egyptian Wheat, and Watermelons.

APRIL. Poie and Field Beans, all Grasses, Cantaloupes, Cowpeas, Beggarweed, Chufas, Benne; Field, Kaffir, and Pop-Corn; Crotalaria, Cress; Velvet and Soy Beans; Cattail and Golden Millet, Mustard, Okra, Peanuts, Pumpkins, Radishes, Rice, Sorghum, Sunflower, Watermelon, and Egyptian Wheat.

MAY. Pole and Field Beans; Benne, Beggarweed, Crotalaria, various Grasses; Field, Kaffir, and Pop-Corn; Chufas; Velvet, Mung, and Soy Beans; Millet, Cowpeas, Peanuts, Pumpkins, Rice, Radishes, Sorghum, Sunflower, Okra, and Egyptian Wheat.

JUNE. Beggarweed, Chufas, Collards, Crotalaria, various Grasses, Eggplants, Egyptian Wheat, Velvet and Soy Beans; June and Kaffir Corn, Cowpeas, Millet, Peanuts, Peppers, Rice, Okra, Mustard, Sorghum, Sunflower, Turnips, Rutabagas.

JULY. Beggarweed, Celery, Chufas, Eggplants, various Grasses, Collards, Kaffir Corn, Mustard, Millets, Okra, Cowpeas, Spanish

Peanuts, Peppers, Rice, Sorghum, Turnips and Rutabagas, all varieties Velvet and Soy Beans; and Sunflower.

AUGUST. Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese Cabbage, Cucumbers, Cauliflower, Celery, Collards, Eggplants, Endive, Kale, Lettuce, Grasses, Golden Millet, Peppers, Fall Potatoes, Mustard, Okra, Onion Sets, Cowpeas, Radishes, Spinach, Squashes, Tomatoes, Sunflower, Sorghum, Turnips, and Rutabagas.

SEPTEMBER. Bush Beans, Beets, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese Cabbage, Carrots, Cauliflower, Celery, Collards, Cucumbers, Cress, Endive, Grasses, Kale, Lettuce, Mustard, Okra, Onion Seed and Sets, Parsnips, Parsley, Garden Peas, Irish Potatoes, Rye, Radishes, Rape, Romaine, Sage, Spinach, Squashes, Tomatoes, Turnips, and Rutabagas.

OCTOBER. Various Grasses, Bush Beans, Beets, Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese Cabbage, Carrots, Cauliflower, Celery, Collards, Cress, Endive, Kale, Lettuce, Mustard, Onion Seed and Sets, Parsnips, Parsley, Garden Peas, Potatoes, Rye, Radishes, Rape, Romaine, Spinach, Turnips, Rutabagas, Oats, and Sage.

NOVEMBER. Carpet and Rye Grasses, Beets, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese Cabbage, Carrots, Cauliflower, Cress, Endive, Kale, Lettuce, Mustard, Onion Seed and Sets, Parsnips, Parsley, Potatoes, Garden Peas, Rye, Radishes, Rape, Romaine, Sage, Spinach, Turnips, Rutabagas, Oats, and Vetch.

DECEMBER. Beets, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Carrots, Chinese Cabbage, Cauliflower, Celery, Collards, Cress, Endive, Kale, Lettuce, Mustard, Onion Seed and Sets, Parsnips, Parsley, Potatoes, Garden Peas, Rye, Radishes, Rape, Sage, Spinach, Turnips, Rutabagas, and Oats.

If interested in flowers write for "Kilgore's Flower Planting Guide for the South"



Vegetable Seed Collections for the Home Gardener

YOUR HOME GARDEN

The possibilities of a home garden should be given more attention by Florida farmers and townspeople.

In traveling through farming sections and small towns of Florida it is amazingly strange that one finds so few home gardens to provide a bountiful supply of good, wholesome, fresh vegetables for the home table. Florida climate and soils are favorable to producing the finest home gardens in the United States. Unlike any other state in the Union, in Florida fresh vegetables can be grown every month in the year.

Even if it were possible to purchase vegetables more cheaply than to produce them (which is not the case), yet would it not be much more desirable to have an abundance of a large variety of fresh vegetables of your own growing available at a moment's notice in your own garden?

In Florida, a well-kept garden can be had with little effort

and small expense and, as many test plantings have revealed, will yield a return several times as large as that from an equal area devoted to any other crop that could be grown on Florida farms.

Doctors, nurses and dieticians all advise the use of a plentiful supply of fresh vegetables in the diet in order to provide the essentials which are so necessary for the health and well being of the human system. Experts tell us that vegetables contain a higher percentage of these body-regulating essentials, such as mineral salts, vitamins and roughage, than are contained in any other food or food product. Statistics prove that people who eat lots of fresh vegetables throughout the year have less sickness and fewer doctor bills to pay than do people who use fresh vegetables sparingly.

Make a home garden this season. It will be a source of health, pleasure and profit to you and your family.

COLLECTION No. 1

Sixteen Large Packets Sixteen Kinds
All for 50c Postpaid

1 pkt. Italian Broccoli
1 pkt. Detroit Dark Red Beet
1 pkt. B. R. Charleston Wakefield Cabbage
1 pkt. Pekin Celery Cabbage
1 pkt. B. R. Chantenay Carrot
1 pkt. Early White Vienna Kohlrabi
1 pkt. Iceberg Lettuce
1 pkt. Florida Broad Leaf Mustard

1 pkt. Mustard Spinach
1 pkt. Moss Curled Parsley
1 pkt. Imported Sweet Spanish Onion
1 pkt. Kilgore's Winner Peas
1 pkt. Ruby Giant Pepper
1 pkt. B. R. Early Scarlet Globe Radish
1 pkt. Ponderosa Tomato
1 pkt. Purple Top Globe Turnip

COLLECTION No. 2

Eight Packets Eight Kinds
25c Postpaid

1 pkt. Early Blood Red Market Beet
1 pkt. B. R. Early Jersey Wakefield Cabbage
1 pkt. Danvers Half Long Carrot
1 pkt. B. R. New York No. 12 Lettuce
1 pkt. Crystal Wax Bermuda Onion
1 pkt. Little Marvel Peas
1 pkt. Bloomsdale Spinach
1 pkt. B. R. Early Florida Turnip

COLLECTION No. 3

Kilgore's Special "Greens" Collection
Five Large Packets---Five Kinds
All for 15c Postpaid

1 pkt. True Georgia Whitehead Collard
1 pkt. Southern Giant Curled Mustard
1 pkt. Tendergreen Mustard Spinach
1 pkt. New Zealand Spinach
1 pkt. Japanese (Shogoin) Turnip

In view of the very special prices offered on these collections we reserve the privilege of substituting varieties in case we are sold out of a certain variety indicated.

THE KILGORE SEED COMPANY

PLANT CITY,
"FLORIDA"

BEANS

Culture. For a fall crop, plant from the middle of August until the middle of October; for a main crop on the Florida East Coast plant from October to December. Plant seeds in drills, dropping a bean every 3 or 4 inches, and cover 2 inches deep. Use a high grade bean or vegetable fertilizer. On muck soils apply 600 to 1200 pounds of fertilizer per acre. On sandy loam apply 1200 to 2000 pounds per acre, making one application. Ground should be thoroughly prepared, and fertilizer put out from a week to ten days before planting. There is always a risk of the fertilizer burning and killing the vitality of the seed when both are put in at the same time, and if the vitality is not killed it may cause the beans to come up baldheaded.

Our Bean seed is strictly first-class, high germinating, disease free, western-grown stock. None of our Bean seed is grown in the South or East. We absolutely guarantee all of our Bean seed to be Western grown. Prices quoted are postpaid.

Green-Podded Bush Beans

Plant 3 pecks to 1 bushel of seed per acre

Bountiful.

(45 days.) A vigorous grower, very productive, with very large, beautiful, long, broad, flat, thick pods, slightly curved, of light green color, entirely stringless, tender, and of excellent quality. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Giant Stringless Green - Pod.

(48 days.) Pods are round, long, meaty, thick, curved, and entirely stringless when young or old, of excellent quality, and a very heavy yielder. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Kilgore's Stringless Black Valentine. New

(42 days.) This new variety which we are introducing, possesses all the desirable characteristics of the regular Black Valentine, and in addition, it is completely stringless. Attractive in appearance, of high edible quality, an enormous yielder, and a good shipper, this new variety has become one of Florida's leaders. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Tendergreen.

(New.) (48 days.) This is a new variety becoming more and more popular due to its excellent shipping qualities and productiveness. It is as early as Giant Stringless, and the plants are large and very erect. The five to six-inch pods are round, fleshy dark green, absolutely stringless, and of fine quality. Very desirable for home and market. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Full Measure.

(45 days.) Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Kilgore's Stringless Refugee.

(52 days.) Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Black Valentine.

(48 days.) Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Kilgore's Stringless Long Round Green-Pod.

(KILGORE'S STRINGLESS VALENTINE.) (43 days.) Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Early Speckled Red Valentine.

(43 days.) Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Tennessee Green-Pod.

(42 days.) Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Longfellow.

(45 days.) Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Refugee.

(1000-1) (55 days.) Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Wax-Podded Bush Beans

Plant 3 pecks to 1 bushel of seed per acre

Kilgore's New Improved Kidney Wax.

(45 days.) Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Sure Crop Wax.

(45 days.) Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.



Kilgore's Golden Bountiful Wax

Kilgore's Golden Bountiful Wax.

(45 days.) Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Hodson Wax.

(55 days.) Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Green-Podded Pole Beans

Plant 1 peck of seed per acre

Kentucky Wonder.

(OLD HOMESTEAD) (60 days.) Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Tennessee Wonder.

(New.) (63 days.) Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Kilgore's Genuine Cornfield.

(58 days.) Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

McCaslan.

(60 days.) Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Lima Beans

Fordhooks—Plant 1 bushel of seed per acre.

Henderson's—Plant 1 to 2 pecks of seed per acre.

Kilgore's New Marvel—Plant 2 to 3 pecks of seed per acre.

Challenger—Plant 1 peck of seed per acre.

Fordhook Bush Lima.

(65 days.) Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Henderson Bush Lima.

(BABY LIMA.) (60 days.) Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Kilgore's New Marvel Bush Lima.

(New.) (62 days.) Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 85c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Challenger Pole Lima.

(75 days.) Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 65c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Butter or Green Shell Beans

Old Florida Pole—Plant 1 peck of seed per acre.

Old Florida Bush—Plant 1 to 2 pecks of seed per acre.

Old Florida Pole.

(75 days.) Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Old Florida Bush.

(65 days.) Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

BEET

Plant 6 pounds of seed per acre

Prices quoted are postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Culture. Successful culture demands good soil, medium moist, to which has been applied 600 to 1,200 pounds of good fertilizer. Plant seeds in rows 2 feet apart and when 3 inches high thin out to 3 inches apart in the row. In Florida and the South, plant from the latter part of September to March.

Kilgore's Early Blood-Red Market. (68 days.) One of the earliest and finest beets ever introduced. Uniform in shape, size, and color. Roots very attractive in appearance, slightly flattened, almost globe-shaped, entirely free of fibrous roots or strings, of dark red color outside; flesh of deep purple color with very little zoning. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

Crosby's Egyptian. (74 days.) Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Early Wonder. (72 days.) Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Detroit Dark Red. (76 days.) Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Swiss Chard. (SPINACH BEET). Plant and cultivate same as beets. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Stock Beet and Sugar Beet seed should be planted at the rate of 4 to 6 pounds of seed per acre, in rows 2 to 3 feet apart, and thinned to 6 inches apart in the row.

Stock Beet, Long Red Giant. (80 days.) Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 65c.

Sugar Beet, Klein Wanzleben. (80 days.) Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 65c.



Typical Plants of Kilgore's Early Blood-Red Market Beets



Kilgore's
Bred-Rite
Italian
Green
Sprouting
Broccoli

BROCCOLI

Sow $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ pound of seed in seed-bed to plant an acre
Prices quoted are postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Kilgore's Bred-Rite Italian Green Sprouting or Christmas Calabrese.

(85 days.) This is the true Calabrese type which is a tremendous yielder. In Florida, seed may be planted in seed-beds from September to January. Plants should be set in rows 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet apart, and 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart in the row. Green Sprouting Broccoli is similar to cauliflower, except it is more hardy and the so-called head is bluish-green instead of white. When the main head is cut, branches form at the base of each leaf on the stalks below. At the end of each branch a small loose green head develops. These small heads should be cut with 6 to 8 inches of stem, and tied in bunches for market. Stems, as well as flower-heads, are cooked and served like asparagus or cauliflower. A most delicious vegetable, gaining in popularity. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

Sow $\frac{1}{4}$ pound of seed in seed-bed to plant an acre

Prices quoted are postpaid.

Culture. Sow and cultivate exactly the same as cabbage.

Improved Long Island. (90 days.) The best and most dependable variety for market and home use. Very productive and of excellent quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

CAULIFLOWER

Sow 4 ounces of seed in seed-bed to plant an acre

Culture. Like cabbage, cauliflower needs a very rich soil and plenty of moisture. On account of the price of the seed, we recommend starting plants in beds where they can be taken care of. Plant from September to January, and cultivate same as cabbage. Just as soon as there is any appearance of heading, draw the outer leaves over the head and tie with soft string or use toothpicks to pin them.

Prices quoted are postpaid.

Kilgore's Bred-Rite Henderson's Snowball. (100 days.) This is the low-heading type. Our seed is

**KILGORE'S
BRED-RITE
SEEDS** strictly imported stock, and there is no finer strain of Snowball Cauliflower to be found anywhere. If you want the best, plant Kilgore's Bred-Rite Cauliflower. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 85c; oz. \$1.50; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$5.00; lb. \$18.00.

CABBAGE

Sow 6 ounces of seed in seed-bed to plant an acre, or plant 12 ounces of seed per acre in field

Culture. Cabbage is a heavy feeder and should be grown rapidly. Therefore, for best results, plenty of fertilizer should be used—not less than 1000 pounds per acre, and a ton is better. You cannot grow a big, heavy crop of cabbage on a starvation ration. Where planted in seed-bed, which is the desirable and common practice, plant seed thin in drills 6 inches apart, cover 1 inch deep, using 6 ounces of seed for an acre of plants, and do not make your soil in seed-bed as rich as soil where plants are to be set. When seed is planted in field, use 12 ounces of seed per acre. Make rows 2 1/2 to 3 feet apart and set plants 12 to 15 inches apart in row, depending on size of head you wish to produce. If you desire small heads, crowd the plants; for large heads, place farther apart. It is recommended to treat cabbage seed with a good disinfectant before planting. Write us or ask our store managers for directions.



A Comparison of Our Bred-Rite Cabbage Types

1. Bred-Rite Early Jersey Wakefield.
2. Bred-Rite Charleston Wakefield.
3. Bred-Rite Copenhagen Market.

For Best Results Plant Kilgore's Bred-Rite Brands of Cabbage Seed. In Planting Bred-Rite Cabbage Seed You Take No Chances Because You Are Planting Proved Seed.

Prices quoted are postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Kilgore's Bred-Rite Early Jersey Wakefield.

KILGORE'S
BRED-RITE
SEEDS
TRADE MARK

(80 days.) Our Bred-Rite stock is a week earlier than the old type Jersey Wakefield and is just as large. The small, medium-sized, conical-shaped, pointed heads are very firm, and of finest quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75.

Kilgore's Bred-Rite Charleston Wakefield.

KILGORE'S
BRED-RITE
SEEDS
TRADE MARK

(85 days.) Our Bred-Rite Charleston Wakefield matures a week earlier than ordinary stocks of this variety, and the crop matures practically all at one time. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75.

Early Winningstadt. (90 days.) Very hardy and dependable. Heads extremely firm, heart-shaped with a sharp point and a broad base. Particularly valuable for shipping. Does not crack readily, and can be held in the field for a considerable time. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

Golden Acre. (80 days.) An extremely early, small to medium-sized round-head cabbage of the Copenhagen Market type. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

America. (80 days.) One of the earliest medium-sized, round-headed types ever introduced. The heads stand a long time without bursting and the quality is unsurpassed. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

Kilgore's Bred-Rite Copenhagen Market.

KILGORE'S
BRED-RITE
SEEDS
TRADE MARK

(85 days.) Our extra-early strain of Bred-Rite Copenhagen Market is the finest stock—the very best to be had anywhere. It is short-stemmed, compact, with very solid round heads, having very few outer leaves. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

Kilgore's Bred-Rite Glory of Enkhuizen.

KILGORE'S
BRED-RITE
SEEDS
TRADE MARK

(95 days.) A splendid medium early, round-headed type. Somewhat similar to Copenhagen Market, but slightly later, larger and a heavier yielder. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

All Head Early. (95 days.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

Succession. (100 days.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

Stein's Early Flat Dutch. (100 days.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

Savoy Cabbage, American Drumhead. (100 days.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

Kilgore's Bred-Rite Red Rock. (110 days.)

KILGORE'S
BRED-RITE
SEEDS
TRADE MARK

Plants compact, not spreading. Heads of small to medium size, very hard, globular in shape, exceedingly attractive in appearance, being of deep purple color throughout. Our stock of this variety has been specially developed for uniformity and high yielding qualities. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 70c; lb. \$2.25.

Chinese Cabbage

Plant 1 pound of seed per acre

Prices quoted are postpaid

Culture. This is distinctly a cool-weather plant and should not be planted for a spring or summer crop because it quickly bolts to seed in hot weather. Seeds should be planted in rows where the crop is to mature, thinning out so the plants stand twelve to fifteen inches in the row.

Kilgore's Improved Pekin Celery Cabbage.

KILGORE'S
BRED-RITE
SEEDS
TRADE MARK

(85 days.) This is a new strain of Chinese Cabbage which is absolutely sure-heading, maturing into fine, long, slender heads, readily salable in any market. Hardy and of easy culture, planted direct in the field. A good shipper and an excellent keeper. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

CARROT

Plant 4 pounds of seed per acre

Culture. Sow in good rich soil, deeply worked in drills $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart, and cover seed $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch deep. When 2 inches high, thin out to 4 inches apart. Carrots can be planted in Florida from August to March.

Prices quoted are postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Kilgore's Improved Red Cored Chantenay.

KILGORE'S BRED-RITE SEEDS (New.) (75 days.) This new improved type of Chantenay is fast becoming the most popular carrot on the market. The roots are tapered, stump rooted, and slightly longer than the old Chantenay, averaging about 6 inches. The interior is solid orange colored without the usual lemon color in the core. The flesh is very tender and sweet, which with the excellent outside color and shape combines to make this variety exceptionally valuable for the market. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

Kilgore's Bred-Rite Chantenay. (85 days.) Our stock of Chantenay runs uniformly smooth and true to type. Our stock is of medium length, thick, and very stump-rooted. The roots average $5\frac{1}{2}$ inches long; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick at the crown and tapering to 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches at the bottom. The color is a very attractive bright orange-scarlet. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Danver's Half Long. (90 days.) Our stock of this variety is half stump or semi-pointed, from 7 to $7\frac{1}{2}$ inches in length. The shoulder is from 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick, and tapers uniformly to a thickness of about $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch just where the root begins to taper to the tip. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Improved Long Orange. (90 days.) Our stock is the true thick-shouldered strain of Long Orange, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 inches thick at the shoulders, 10 to 12 inches long, and pointed or rather tapering in a straight line to the tip. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Coreless or Nantes. (90 days.) We have the true type, which is long and cylindrical, about $6\frac{1}{2}$ to 7 inches long and 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches thick, very stump-rooted with a small rat tail. The color is clear orange-red and the core is rather undefined. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.



Kilgore's Bred-Rite Imperator

Developed to meet the demand for a better market type.

Kilgore's Bred-Rite Imperator. (New.) (92 days.) This new variety of carrot we are introducing has been especially bred and developed to meet the increasing demand on the market for a longer carrot with a broad shoulder. The roots are smooth, uniformly tapered to a semi-blunt end, deep rich orange color, both exterior and interior with comparatively inconspicuous core. From the standpoint of shipping quality, attractiveness and popularity in the market, Kilgore's Imperator is superior to other long-rooted varieties. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

COLLARDS

Sow $\frac{1}{4}$ pound of seed in seed-bed to plant an acre, or plant $\frac{1}{2}$ pound of seed per acre in field

This is a tall, loose-leaved, kale-like plant, and an old-time standard for winter "greens" all over the South. Largely grown in home gardens and by truckers for markets as "Cabbage Bunch."

Culture. About the same as for cabbage. May be started in seed-beds or planted direct in field, spacing the plants 2 to 3 feet each way. Can be planted every month in the year in Florida. This vegetable should be in every family garden as it is very hardy and will furnish an abundance of "greens" when other vegetables are gone. Collards will also make fine green feed for chickens and cows.

Prices quoted are postpaid

True Georgia Whitehead. (60 days.) An old-time favorite. Stands all sorts of adverse conditions and will make a good crop when other vegetables would fail. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15c; lb. 50c.

Cabbage Collard. (60 days.) This collard is claimed to be a cross between Georgia collard and Charleston Wakefield cabbage. The heads are not as firm as cabbage, but are very tender and of ideal flavor. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 60c.

CRESS

Splendid for salads, garnishing or as addition to lettuce.

Plant 1 ounce of seed per 100 feet of row

Water Cress. A delicious, tasty green for salads, with a slightly pungent flavor. Easily grown when sown shallow on the muddy banks of a stream of running water, or pond, or in a moist shady situation if well watered. When once started it will increase rapidly by self-sown seed, and by root extension. Shoots should be cut often for best growth. Pkt. 5c; oz. 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50; lb. \$5.00.

Upland Cress. Used in salads and for garnishing. Has the pungent flavor of water cress. Sow thickly in rows twelve inches apart in any good moist soil. Sow every two or three weeks for succession, as it soon runs to seed. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.



A Typical Crate of Kilgore's Pride Celery

CELERY

Sow $\frac{1}{2}$ pound of seed in seed-bed to plant an acre

Culture. For early celery, first sowings in Florida are made the latter part of June and continue to December. The main sowings for a winter crop are usually made in July or early August, and for the spring crop grown principally on muck they are usually made in October and early November. Celery seed is always planted in seed-beds. The soil must be put in perfect fine condition and made into beds 4 to 6 or more inches high, to prevent overflow in case of heavy rains. When in condition—thoroughly and finely pulverized, well fertilized, moist, and made perfectly smooth and level—sow the seed broadcast or in rows 6 inches apart, using 1 pound of seed to 150 yards of bed 36 inches wide. The seed should not be covered but should be pressed into the soil with a very light roller or with a wide board.

Celery plants cannot be grown in the open, especially during summer; therefore we recommend use of burlap or white muslin to be used as a cover, stretching same on a tent-shaped or slanting frame built over the seed-bed, with the sides about 12 inches from the ground. This seed-bed cover will serve as a shade and also break the force of heavy rains. It is also advisable to use ground-covers of burlap or old fertilizer bags on the beds when seed is planted, letting them lie flat on the ground until seed begins to germinate. This prevents heavy rains washing seed off the beds and also keeps the ground cooler during hot months, which insures a better stand. After the seed is sown, it is desirable to sprinkle with cool water by means of hand sprinkling pots in order to keep the soil cool and moist, which tends to increase the germination of celery seed during the hot summer months.

When plants in seed-bed are 6 inches high, transplant to the field in double rows 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart, with 7 inches between the double rows, and set the plants $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 inches apart in the row. The plants may be set in single rows 3 feet apart, allowing $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 inches between plants in the row. To grow fine celery, a large supply of moisture and fertilizer is absolutely essential from the time the seed is planted in the seed-beds until the crop is ready for harvest. Celery is not a profitable crop to raise without irrigation, and it should receive very heavy applications of high-grade fertilizer, which should be applied before the crop is planted and at frequent intervals during its growth.

Important Information About Kilgore's Celery Seed Stocks

Kilgore's celery seed is not just grown; it is bred, selected and rogued with the best of care and attention under our personal supervision.

The Kilgore Seed Company has spent a great deal of time, effort, and expense in an endeavor to develop and improve its different stocks of celery seed, and we are now in position to tell Florida celery-growers with assurance that they cannot secure better celery seed anywhere, regardless of price. In order to safeguard our customers against planting poor stocks, our celery seed is tested, not only by ourselves but by Florida celery-growers in different sections, a season in advance of selling it, so that we know absolutely what it will do under Florida conditions before you plant it. In order to have an additional check, each season we send samples of our celery seed up North where we personally inspect the plantings during the summer months.

All our American celery seed-growing fields are under controlled irrigation in the West, where experience has proved that the climate is better adapted for the production, ripening, and curing of large, strong-germinating celery seed than anywhere else in the United States.

Furthermore, we do not force the growth of our seed plants, making them produce seed in a year's time by starting the seed plants in the South during the winter, then shipping them North where they are forced into seeding in order to harvest the crop before frost. Our experience has indicated that this method of producing celery seed, which is quite common, results in small, weak-germinating seed, producing plants of low vitality with a tendency toward hollow-stemming and the production of early seeders. Our seed plants grown in the West are made to produce seed the second year. This is done by holding the plants with very little water for several months after they have made their growth but have not started to develop seed stalks. This is the natural way celery plants should develop seed and accounts for the lack of weak plants, early seeders, and hollow-stemming in plants produced from our western-grown celery seed. Our celery seed stocks are especially developed and selected for resistance to premature seeding.

Our seed-growing fields are carefully inspected several times each season to eliminate all green sports, green heart, early seeders, and plants which are not absolutely true to type. Short ribbed plants and those developing poor hearts are destroyed, and seed is saved from only the most desirable plants. You owe it to yourself to give these improved stocks at least a trial. Why take a chance on such an expensive crop as celery, when you can get seed which has been tested and proved under Florida conditions and with which you are taking absolutely no risk? Prices quoted are postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Kilgore's Pride. (New.) (105 days.) Seed supply limited.

KILGORE'S BRED-RITE SEEDS TRADE MARK The Kilgore Seed Company has spent a great deal of time, effort and expense in developing this new stock of the Special type of celery seed for Florida celery growers. After having had it thoroughly tested out in Florida, California and New York State celery fields during the last four years, we are now introducing this new improved stock, with the assurance that there is no better strain of the Special type of celery for Florida celery growers and shippers. It is very early in maturity, produces a vigorous growth, with broad, thick ribs, 8 to 10 inches to the first joint, averaging 25 inches over all, making the tops come well above the top of the crate, and making an exceptionally attractive pack. It develops a good, heavy high heart, with an attractive deep golden yellow color, and is an exceptionally heavy yielder. This is absolutely one of the finest varieties of celery ever developed for Florida growers. Especially well suited for a spring crop in Florida, but also does well in ordinary winters in Florida. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$1.00; oz. \$1.50; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$4.00; lb. \$15.00.

Schneck's Improved Florida Golden No. 15.

KILGORE'S BRED-RITE SEEDS TRADE MARK (New.) (115 days.) Seed supply very limited. After many years of breeding, selecting, and testing by our breeding department, we are now offering for the first time this improved variety for Florida celery growers. This variety is of the Old Golden type, but possesses some of the desirable characteristics of the Special type. It is recommended especially for a Florida mid-winter crop because it withstands cold weather better than varieties of the Special type. Our improved stock has been selected for uniformity; long, thick ribs, large full hearts of rich golden yellow color, and for heavy yields of good sizes. This is the best variety for a general mid-winter crop in Florida. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$1.00; oz. \$1.50; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$4.00; lb. \$15.00.

Kilgore's Wonderful Pearl Special. (110 days.)

KILGORE'S BRED-RITE SEEDS TRADE MARK This highly selected stock is very early, blanches quickly, and has been selected for large, full-heart formation with broad, thick long ribs. Entirely free of green heart, green sports, and does not bolt to seed rapidly. This is one of the best winter and early spring varieties of the Special type for Florida. Our stock is more hardy and resistant to hollow stem, early seeding, and resists celery diseases better than most stocks of the Special type. It is an exceptionally heavy yielder, of large sizes and one of the finest long-distance shippers. Not as tall or vigorous in growth as Kilgore's Pride. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 60c; oz. \$1.00; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$3.25; lb. \$12.00.

Old Golden Self-Blanching. (Old Type.) American-grown seed. (120 days.) This is an improved, high yielding, American-grown stock of the Old Golden type. It has been selected for uniformity, freedom from green heart and green sports. It develops long, thick stalks with a very rich, heavy, golden yellow heart. A most desirable stock for a Florida winter crop. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 60c; oz. \$1.00; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$3.00; lb. \$10.00.

Old Golden Heart Self-Blanching. (Old Dwarf Type.) Genuine Imported French-grown Seed, grown especially for us in France. (125 days.) This variety is a little slower in growth and requires longer to blanch than American-grown stocks of Old Golden, but it is extremely hardy and blight-resistant, standing more cold than any other stock we have ever tested. Produces taller, more upright growth, with longer ribs, larger heart and heavier yields than most other strains of the Old Golden type. Especially desirable for a mid-winter crop in Florida. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 60c; oz. \$1.00; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$3.25; lb. \$12.00.

CUCUMBER

Plant 2 pounds of seed per acre

Culture. Fall planting begins early in August and continues through September. Plant in rows 4 feet apart in hills 2 feet apart in the drill, dropping 6 to 8 seeds in each hill. It is desirable to treat cucumber seed with a disinfectant before planting.

It is always advisable to treat cucumber seed with Semesan or some other good disinfectant before planting. Prices quoted are postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Kilgore's New Improved Long Dark Green.

**KILGORE'S
BRED-RITE
SEEDS**
TRADE MARK

(New.) (48 days.) (Supply of seed very limited.) The vines of this new variety are of vigorous growth, long lived, and resistant to blight and other southern cucumber diseases. They produce an enormous yield of fancy, long (ranging from 10 to 12 inches) cucumbers, very dark green in color clear to the blossom end, being darker green and holding this color longer than any other known variety. The fruits are rather slim, being perfectly straight and cylindrical in shape, not quite as thick as many other varieties, uniform in shape and color, and ordinarily running over ninety per cent fancies. We predict that this new improved variety will displace most other kinds. Give it a fair trial this season. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85c; lb. \$2.50.

Kilgore's Bred-Rite Long Dark Green.

**KILGORE'S
BRED-RITE
SEEDS**
TRADE MARK

(45 days.) This early-maturing variety is a very heavy yielder and a perfect shipper, holding its dark green color long after reaching distant markets. Length, 7 to 8 inches. It is of desirable size, shape, and color. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.00.

Kilgore's Bred-Rite Henderson's Perfected

White Spine.

(Dark green strain.) (48 days.) Our improved dark green strain of this popular variety is especially desirable for long distance shipping as it holds its dark green color long after reaching the market. Length, 7 to 8 inches. Early, of fine appearance, and very productive. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.00.

Clark's Special or Kilgore's Hybrid.

**KILGORE'S
BRED-RITE
SEEDS**
TRADE MARK

(52 days.) This new variety produces exceedingly attractive, 10 inches long, straight, slightly tapered at both ends, very dark green fruits which invariably bring a fancy market price. This variety is especially well adapted to long distance shipment, because the fruits hold their firmness and dark green color in transit and on the markets. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.00.



Kilgore's Bred-Rite Early Fortune

Kilgore's Bred-Rite Early Fortune. (48 days.)

**KILGORE'S
BRED-RITE
SEEDS**
TRADE MARK

Absolutely the finest strain of long, dark green Early Fortune in existence. Heavy yielder, splendid shape, 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 10 inches long, slightly tapering toward both ends, fine quality, and a wonderful shipper. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$1.75.

Improved Stays Green. Long Strain. (New.) (48 days.)

Our new improved long strain of Stays Green produces fruits of very dark green color from stem to blossom end, uniform in shape, and considerably longer than the old type of Kirby Stays Green, averaging about 8 inches in length. Our improved strain is very early, an enormous yielder, and a fine shipper. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.00.

Baber's Earligreen. (42 days.) This new Kilgore development produces cucumbers desirable for pickling or slicing, the fruits being about 6 to 7 inches in length, well filled at the ends, and very dark green in color. It is exceedingly early, an enormous yielder and ideal for shipping. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.00.

ROASTING EAR AND SWEET CORN

Plant 1 peck of seed per acre

For a fall crop of sweet or roasting ear corn, plant from August to October in rows three feet apart, in hills and one and one-half feet apart in the row, thinning to one or two plants in a place.

The first seven varieties listed are true sweet corns, and others are roasting ear varieties.

Florida 191 (New) (75 days.) Pkt. 10c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 60c; postpaid. Not prepaid, 11 lbs. (pk.) \$1.75.

Suwannee Sugar (New) (75 days.) Sold out until November.

Long Island Beauty. (80 days.) Pkt. 10c; lb. 25c; 2 lbs. 45c; postpaid. Not prepaid, 11 lbs. (pk.) \$1.75; 44 lbs. (bu.) \$6.50.

Stowell's Evergreen. (75 days.) Pkt. 10c; lb. 25c; 2 lbs. 45c; postpaid. Not prepaid, 11 lbs. (pk.) \$1.75.

Country Gentleman. (70 days.) Pkt. 10c; lb. 25c; 2 lbs. 45c; postpaid. Not prepaid, 11 lbs. (pk.) \$1.75.

Gold Bond. (65 days.) Pkt. 10c; lb. 25c; 2 lbs. 45c; postpaid. Not prepaid, 11 lbs. (pk.) \$1.75.

Golden Giant. (70 days.) Pkt. 10c; lb. 25c; 2 lbs. 45c; postpaid. Not prepaid, 11 lbs. (pk.) \$1.75.

Early Snowflake (80 days.) Pkt. 10c; lb. 25c; 2 lbs. 45c; postpaid. Not prepaid, 14 lbs. (pk.) \$1.25; 56 lbs. (bu.) \$4.50.

Early White Dent (80 days.) Pkt. 10c; lb. 20c; 2 lbs. 35c; postpaid. Not prepaid, 14 lbs. (pk.) \$1.15; 56 lbs. (bu.) \$4.00.

Trucker's Favorite. (80 days.) Sold out until November.

Norfolk Market. (80 days.) Sold out until November.

Florida Roasting Ear. (80 days.) Sold out until November.

Genuine Oklahoma Silvermine (82 days.) Pkt. 10c; lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 65c; postpaid. Not prepaid, 14 lbs. (pk.) \$2.00; 56 lbs. (bu.) \$7.50.

Tuxpan (85 days.) Pkt. 10c; lb. 25c; 2 lbs. 45c; postpaid. Not prepaid, 14 lbs. (pk.) \$1.25; 56 lbs. (bu.) \$4.50.

EGGPLANT

Sow $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ pound of seed in seed-bed to plant an acre



Culture. For the fall crop, plant in June, July, and August, in muslin or burlap-covered seed-beds. When set in the open, the plants may need some protection from the sun. Many growers use palmetto fans, stuck slanting on the south side of the hill, which will keep the sun from striking the newly set out plants with full force. Have rows 5 feet apart and 3 feet between the plants. Use from 1200 pounds to a ton of high-grade fertilizer per acre. It is an excellent plan to spray with pyrox every 10 days from the time the plants have four or five leaves, as there is no plant more subject to blight and insect attack. Pyrox controls fungous diseases and also kills worms. It is also advisable to dust eggplants regularly with sulphur or, better, to spray with Sulfoicide, which controls red spider, a serious pest of eggplant. It is desirable to treat eggplant seed with a good disinfectant before planting.

Prices quoted are postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.
Kilgore's Bred-Rite Ft. Myers Market. (New.) (120 days.) Seed supply very limited.

**KILGORE'S
BRED-RITE
SEEDS**

We have found this new variety to be superior to all others in the fact that it produces immense yields of large sized fancy fruits over a long period. The fruits hold their large size and intense black color clear up to the top of the plants, thus producing a very large percentage of fancies. The plants are very resistant to blight and other diseases. The plants are of the high-bush type, producing a very tall, vigorous growth, bearing the fruit well off the ground. The fruits are long, cylindrical in shape, never producing a necky stem end, and they possess an intense deep black color so much in demand among buyers and in the markets. Pkt. 5c; oz. 55c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75; lb. \$6.00.

Kilgore's Bred-Rite Manatee Special. (115 days.) The plants of this variety are of high-

bush character, being taller and more vigorous than Black Beauty and other low-bush sorts, although not quite so tall as the true Florida High-Bush. The fruits, on the other hand, are shorter and thicker than Florida High-Bush, oval in shape, and of a beautiful rich black color. The sturdy, vigorous bush holds the fruits well off the ground, thus preventing rot. Extremely early, hardy, and very productive. Pkt. 5c; oz. 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50; lb. \$5.50.

Kilgore's Bred-Rite Florida High-Bush. (125 days.) This is a very heavy - yielding

stock. The plants are vigorous, tall and upright in growth, holding all the fruits well off the ground, thus preventing rot. They resist drought, blight and wet weather better than most other varieties. The fruits are elongated, cylindrical in shape, and of a dark purplish color. Pkt. 5c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.15; lb. \$4.00.

Kilgore's Special (New) (120 days.) A new high-bush type with uniform, medium sized, round, black fruits. Well bred and very productive. Pkt. 5c; oz. 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75; lb. \$6.00.

New Orleans Market. (120 days.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.15; lb. \$4.00.

New York Improved Purple (Spineless) (120 days.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.15; lb. \$4.00.

Black Beauty. (115 days.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.15; lb. \$4.00.

ENDIVE

Sow $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 pound of seed in seed-bed to plant an acre

Culture. Plant from August to February in seed-bed the same as lettuce. Set in field 20 inches apart and a foot apart in the row. Endive makes fine salad, is valuable for flavoring soups and stews, and for greens. Prices quoted are postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Escarolle—Kilgore's Improved Florida Deep Heart. (70 days.)

The leaves are large, broad, thick, slightly crumpled, of medium green color, with thick, nearly white midribs. Our improved stock of this variety is of the full-heart type, developing an upright growth, producing a very heavy, thick,

matted plant with large, deep, well-blanchéd hearts, which blanch to a creamy white. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

Escarolle—Broad Leaved Batavian. (75 days.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

Green Curled. (70 days.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

GARLIC

Prices Quoted Are Postpaid.

Pure Italian garlic sets are planted the same as onion sets, in rows 12 to 20 inches apart, setting 3 to 6 inches apart in the row. $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 35c.

KALE or BORECOLE

Plant 1 ounce of seed to 50 feet of row

Prices Quoted are Postpaid

Culture. Plant in Florida from August to March, in rows 2 feet apart, and for large plants thin to 20 inches apart in the row.

Green Curled Scotch. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

KOHLRABI

Plant 1 ounce of seed to 50 feet of row

Prices Quoted are Postpaid

Culture. Plant in rows $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart, thinning out to 6 inches apart in the rows. Start fall planting in August.

Early White Vienna. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

LETTUCE

Sow $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 pound of seed in seed bed to plant an acre, or plant 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. of seed per acre in field

Lettuce growers demand the best seed. Our seed is produced for us by one of the oldest and best lettuce seed growers in the United States, who makes a specialty of producing only the very highest type lettuce seed. Our lettuce seed is all tested for trueness to type in our Plant City, Florida proving grounds, so we are positive there is no mixture, and we make frequent germination tests, so we can be certain you will secure a good stand with Kilgore's Bred-Rite lettuce seed.

Culture. First sowings are made in Florida the beginning of September and continue until March. Low, damp soil is best suited for this crop. Lettuce must be grown rapidly in order to give it size, tenderness, crispness, and high edible quality. Therefore, the land must be highly fertilized and moist. In Florida from one to two tons per acre of 5-5-5 fertilizer is commonly used for this crop. Broadcast the seed on good moist beds that have been thoroughly prepared, or sow in rows six inches apart and use a light roller to press the seed into the soil. A pound of seed sown broadcast plants a bed three feet wide and a hundred yards long. Place burlap or well washed old fertilizer sacks over the beds until the seeds sprout. Old fertilizer sacks must be thoroughly washed out before using to prevent burning of seed sprouts. Be sure seed beds are kept thoroughly moist at all times after the seed is planted, and during warm dry weather the beds should be sprinkled twice daily with cool water in order to hasten and increase germination. In hot weather when it is difficult to get lettuce seed to germinate, germination may be hastened and improved by placing moistened lettuce seed in moist cloth in the icebox for twenty-four hours before sowing, and then sowing in well moistened soil. In level culture lettuce plants are usually set 15 by 15 inches in the field. Plants should be watered as set in field.

Prices quoted are postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.



Kilgore's Bred-Rite New York No. 12
A new development, producing firm, solid heads similar to western-grown Iceberg.

Kilgore's Bred-Rite New York No. 12.

KILGORE'S (New.) (70 days.) New York No. 12 **BRED-RITE** has been especially developed to withstand the heat and high humidity common to Florida and the southeastern states. Our tests indicate that this strain when grown on well prepared soil in Florida will develop large, very solid, crisp heads just as good as any Iceberg type lettuce grown in the west. In extensive trials we have found this improved strain of the New York type to be the only one of its type to make solid firm heads under Florida growing conditions. Among other advantages, it is much less susceptible to loss by tip-burn. For these reasons, growers can plant New York No. 12 in almost any locality, either very early in the spring or in the late summer or fall. The color is a trifle lighter than other strains of New York. This variety is growing in demand on the northern markets and is especially adapted to Florida and southeastern growing conditions. For best results, this variety should be grown more slowly, with less ammonia fertilizer, and with less soil moisture toward maturity, than is required by Big Boston and other varieties of lettuce. It should be planted to mature in cool weather. This lettuce should be shipped and marketed in western lettuce crates, not in hampers. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75.

Black-Seeded Simpson. (60 days.) The best large, very early non-heading or leaf varieties. It will do well when it is too warm to grow the heading sorts. The leaves are very broad, much blistered and crumpled, and excessively frilled on the borders, light yellowish green in color, never brownish, very tender, of fine and delicate texture, and of excellent quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Kilgore's Bred-Rite Big Boston. (70 days.)

KILGORE'S **BRED-RITE** strain, which has been re-selected and perfected, is absolutely the finest and truest type of Big Boston it is possible to secure anywhere. Our trials each year indicate it to be absolutely free of mixture. Unlimited field work has been put on this stock in roguing and selecting in order to bring it up to the highest possible standard. This particular stock has been grown for many years in Florida and has always given entire satisfaction. The heads are of cabbage or butter-head type, large-sized, broad, slightly spreading, globular, with a broad shoulder at the base. The outer leaves are broad, almost smooth, but wavy at the edge, medium light green with a tinge of brown on the margins of the outer leaves. It is early and hardy and stands shipping very well. The heads are brittle, buttery, and the interior is a beautiful golden yellow color. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Kilgore's Improved White Boston. (68 days.)

KILGORE'S **BRED-RITE** similar to our Bred-Rite Big Boston, although a trifle earlier and a slightly lighter shade of green without the brownish tinge at the borders of the outer leaves. Our improved strain has been developed to produce large-sized heads similar to Big Boston. Our stock is exceptionally pure, because we have gone to a great deal of expense to have it properly selected and rogued. Its bright green market appearance, with freedom of red tinge on the leaves, is making this improved strain very popular as a shipping sort. Produce dealers in northern markets are calling for this improved strain. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45c; lb. \$1.50.

Iceberg. (74 days.) A very popular variety of the crisp-heading type. Produces large, very firm, hard, and well-blanced, globular heads. This variety does not bolt to seed as readily as other sorts. The leaves are very broad, thick, quite blistered and crumpled, with finely frilled borders, and are of medium green color, with faint brown tracing on the extreme borders. Head is pure white inside, very hard, brittle, very sweet, and of ideal quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

Romaine (White Paris Cos or Trianon Cos).

(70 days.) This variety forms a large, medium green, well-folded head with blunt top, and when properly grown it is very sweet, crisp, mild, and of fine quality. Grows very erect and compact. The leaves are long, narrow, thick, and smooth, with broad, thick midribs. It withstands both heat and cold better than the heading varieties of Lettuce. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.



Southern Giant Curled Mustard

Southern Giant Curled.

(60 days.) A very popular variety because of its vigorous growth of large, light green, attractive appearing curly leaves which are of crisp tender texture. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 60c.

MUSTARD

Plant 4 pounds of seed per acre

Good Green Food for Your Poultry as Well as for Table Use.

Culture. Mustard will come in quicker than any other sort of "greens." Plant from June to March in good, rich garden soil in rows 16 inches apart.

Prices quoted are postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Kilgore's Florida Broad-Leaf.

(60 days.) Plants are tall and upright, producing considerable more leaf-growth than other varieties. This variety stays in condition without bolting to seed longer than other sorts, which makes it a valuable sort for planting in Florida. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 60c.

Tendergreen Japanese Mustard Spinach.

(30 days.) A very quick growing, mild mustard, with a spinach flavor. Remains tender even in hot dry weather. The large oblong leaves are very dark green in color, very smooth, with small white mid-ribs. Very slow to bolt to seed. It ships well, and the demand is growing. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 70c.

Chinese Smooth-Leaf.

(60 days.) Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 60c.

Fordhook Fancy.

(60 days.) Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 60c.

ONION

Sow 3 pounds of seed in seed-bed to plant an acre, or plant 5 pounds of seed per acre in field

Culture. First plantings are made the first of September and continued until March. October and November are the best months to plant. In Florida the seed is generally planted in the open field, where the onions are to grow, in rows 15 inches apart, and when 4 to 5 inches high they are thinned out to 3 to 4 inches apart in the drill. Those taken out can be used to transplant any possible skips. Onion seed can also be planted in seed-beds and transplanted to the field later. This is a safe and sure method, and is becoming very popular in Florida. Transplanting generally produces less splits and more first grade onions.

Prices quoted are postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Large Imported Sweet Spanish.

(Genuine Imported Valencia—grown especially for us in Spain.) The mature bulbs usually weigh $1\frac{1}{4}$ pounds and measure 4 inches in diameter. They are perfectly globular in shape, light glossy yellow in color and are exceedingly attractive in appearance. The bulbs are very mild and sweet. This strain is especially well adapted to Florida sandy loam soils, but is not recommended for muck. Keeps and ships well. Pkt. 5c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.50.

Large Domestic Sweet Spanish.

(Riverside Strain) This is a domestic grown strain of the Sweet Spanish with the general characteristics of the imported strain but not as well bred, nor as well adapted to Florida conditions. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

Kilgore's Earliest Express Globe.

(New.) This new onion is much earlier than the Sweet Spanish, which it somewhat resembles in shape, color and quality. It matures even earlier than the Bermudas. Bulbs are of light brown or cream color, globe or top-shaped, slightly tapering toward the root, of medium size, with pure white flesh. Exceedingly mild in flavor with a very sweet taste. Quite resistant to thrips. This is the earliest maturing onion for Florida and the South. Pkt. 5c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.50.

Crystal Wax Bermuda.

(Teneriffe Grown.) Early maturing, flat in shape, of beautiful waxy white color, exceedingly attractive in appearance. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

Yellow Bermuda.

(Teneriffe Grown.) We have a superior strain of this standard variety, especially adapted to Florida conditions. Bulbs of light straw-yellow color, of medium size, flat, early in maturity. Flesh is very mild and sweet. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 70c; lb. \$2.25.

White Keeper

(New.) We are introducing this variety because of its wonderful keeping qualities for a white onion. Bulbs are of medium size, of semi-globe shape, of strong flavor, making them good for cooking but not for salad. Resists thrips better than other varieties. Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85c; lb. \$3.00.

Louisiana Red Creole.

Exceptionally well adapted to Florida, very productive, of large, solid, semi-globe shaped onions of reddish color. Strong in flavor, but one of the very best keepers. Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85c; lb. \$3.00.

Australian Brown.

We have the true Buckskin strain, noted for its exceptional keeping qualities. Bulbs are of medium size, semi-globe shaped, very firm and solid, and the skin is very thick and chestnut brown in color. Rather strong in flavor, but a wonderful keeper in warm climates. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

Kilgore's New Long White Bunching.

This new variety has been developed especially to satisfy the demand for a variety that develops long white green onions of attractive appearance when bunched, and of mild sweet quality. This makes a very long stem, pure white in color, and without the slightest trace of a bulb. Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85c; lb. \$3.00.

ONION SETS

Plant 6 to 8 bushels of Sets per acre. One bushel weighs 32 pounds.

Set out in rows $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart and 2 to 3 inches apart in the row. Plant from September to March.

Onion Set prices are F. O. B. Plant City, except quarts or less, which are prepaid.

Yellow Bermuda. Pkt. 25c; qt. 40c; pk. \$1.15; bu. \$3.75.

White Silverskin. Pkt. 25c; qt. 40c; pk. \$1.15; bu. \$3.75.

Yellow Danvers. Pkt. 25c; qt. 40c; pk. \$1.15; bu. \$3.75.

OKRA

Plant 8 pounds of seed per acre

Culture. Okra can be planted any time from February until September. Okra is a warm weather plant and will not grow well unless planted when the ground is warm. Plant in rows 2 1/2 to 3 feet apart and sow thinly in the drill. When 3 to 4 inches high, thin out to one stalk every 10 to 15 inches. Okra should be cut every second day. If this is not done some of the pods become too hard and the young plants will stop bearing pods.

Prices quoted are postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Kilgore's Bred-Rite Perkins Mammoth-Podded Long Green.

(42 days.) This is a very heavy producer, extremely early, and a sure money-maker when grown for market.

**KILGORE'S
BRED-RITE
SEEDS** TRADE MARK The pods are long—frequently 9 to 10 inches—straight, slender, pointed, intense dark green, and they retain their tenderness and color longer than any other sort. The plants which range from 5 to 6 feet in height, are literally covered with pods from the ground up. Pkt. 5c; 1/2lb. 20c; lb. 50c.

Kilgore's Low-Bearing Long Green. (45 days.) dwarf growth, 2 1/2 to 3 feet high. Pods thickly set, of dark green color, averaging 8 inches long, pointed, tender and of good quality. A good shipper. Pkt. 5c; 1/4lb. 20c; lb. 50c.

White Velvet. (45 days.) Plants 3 1/2 feet high, very productive. Pods are round, long, averaging 7 inches, smooth, tender and of nearly white color. Pkt. 5c; 1/4lb. 20c; lb. 50c.

Cuban. (New.) (45 days.) Plants range 5 to 6 feet high, extremely productive of short (3 to 4 inches long) thick, perfectly straight and uniform pods, rather light green in color. A good shipper and keeper. Withstands poor growing conditions, especially wet soil and heavy rains, better than other varieties. Pkt. 5c; 1/4lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

Lady Finger (45 days.) Plants range 5 to 6 feet high, extremely productive of small, straight, slender, uniform, dark green pods. Smaller and more slender than Perkins. Pkt. 5c; 1/4lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

ENGLISH or GARDEN PEAS

Plant 1 bushel of seed per acre in single rows;
1 1/2 bushels per acre in double rows

All of our peas are grown in the Northwest; are high in germination and true to type, being tested in our proving grounds.

Culture. Peas can be grown on almost any kind of soil and with about the same cultivation as beans. Sowing in double rows is a good plan, as they will support each other. Have rows 4 feet apart and drop peas 1 to 2 inches apart in the row. Use high-grade fertilizer at rate of 1000 to 1800 pounds per acre.

Kilgore's Winner.

(52 days.) This is absolutely the finest early pea for Florida sandy loam soils, and in cool seasons is also adapted to Florida muck soils. As it is a very early, exceedingly large-podded variety, it is in great demand on northern markets. The plants are vigorous in growth, 18 to 22 inches in height, with heavy vine and foliage, producing a great abundance of very large, dark green, straight pods, containing large, dark green peas of unsurpassed quality. Pkt. 10c; 1/2lb. 20c; lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Little Marvel.

(50 days.) A very desirable early variety especially adapted to Florida muck soils. The vines are vigorous, growing about 1 1/2 feet tall, and are loaded with straight, round, very dark green pods, square at the bottom end, and about 3 inches long. Our stock is uniformly true to type and very productive. Pkt. 10c; 1/2lb. 20c; lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Thomas Laxton.

(55 days.) Pkt. 10c; 1/2lb. 20c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Laxtonian.

(55 days.) Pkt. 10c; 1/2lb. 20c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Laxton's Progress.

(55 days.) Pkt. 10c; 1/2lb. 20c; lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.



Kilgore's
Winner

PARSLEY

Plant 1 ounce of seed to 150 feet of row, or 3 pounds per acre

Culture. Parsley can be planted in the fall or spring, in drills 16 inches apart. This seed is very hard to germinate and it often takes from two to three weeks to produce a satisfactory stand.

Double Moss Curled. (90 days.) Pkt. 5c; 1/4lb. 25c; lb. 75c; postpaid.

Hamburg or Rooted. (100 days.) Pkt. 5c; 1/4lb. 25c; lb. 75c; postpaid.

Plain or Single. (95 days.) Pkt. 5c; 1/4lb. 25c; lb. 75c; postpaid.

PARNIP

Plant 1 ounce of seed to 150 feet of row

Culture. Parsnips do best on deep, rich, sandy soil. Sow seed in Florida from September to December, in rows 1 1/2 to 2 feet apart; cover with one-half inch of soil. When plants are well up, thin to 6 inches apart in the row. Parsnip seed germinates very slowly.

Improved Hollow Crown. (120 days.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; postpaid.



Kilgore's Colossal Ruby King

Developed for larger size and thicker walls than the old standard Ruby King

Kilgore's Colossal Ruby King. (New.) (110 days.)

KILGORE'S BRED-RITE SEEDS Improved strain of the Ruby King variety replaces our Bred-Rite Ruby King and possesses all the good characteristics of the standard variety, but produces larger sized and somewhat thicker meaty fruits. Fruits average 5 to 6 inches in length and 3 to 4 inches in width, with sweet, mild and exceptionally thick flesh. This new strain has been thoroughly tested in different sections of Florida and is becoming very popular due to the large size and excellent shipping quality of the fruits. Pkt. 5c; oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.15; lb. \$4.00.

California Wonder. (125 days.) This is a thick-fleshed variety, slightly later than Florida Giant and with shorter, more blocky fruits, averaging 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches long and 4 inches in diameter. This variety is growing in popularity because of its good shipping qualities. Pkt. 5c; oz. 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.40; lb. \$5.00.

Ruby King. (110 days.) The plants of this variety are very early, productive, and of compact, upright growth. Fruits are pendent, usually 4 to 5 inches long by 2 to 3 inches thick, with broad shoulders and tapering to three points. Flesh is thick, sweet and mild. Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85c; lb. \$3.00.

World Beater. (115 days.) Regular stock. Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85c; lb. \$3.00.

Anaheim Chili (Hot) (120 days.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.40; lb. \$5.00.

PEPPER

Sow $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 pound of seed in seed-bed to plant an acre

Culture. Peppers, like eggplants, are started in cloth-covered beds. For a fall crop, sow seed in June, July, and August; for a long-season winter crop on the East Coast, plant in September and October. For an early spring crop sow in November.

Peppers are much more hardy than eggplant. However, it takes a very high temperature to germinate either seed, and it is usually very difficult to get a stand when the ground is wet or cold. Make rows 3 feet apart and set plants 20 inches apart in the row. Inasmuch as this crop is in bearing so long, it is most profitable to make several applications of fertilizer, using 400 pounds to an acre every twenty days until at least a ton has been used.

Kilgore's Bred-Rite pepper seed has given the best results for many years in Florida. Our stocks are selected for early maturity, high yield, and trueness to type, and are thoroughly tested in our Plant City, Fla., proving grounds.

Pyrox is the very best spray for pepper plants as it will stick perfectly to their smooth foliage. We recommend its use regularly on pepper to control rust and other diseases. It is desirable to treat pepper seed with a good disinfectant before planting.

Prices quoted are postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities

Kilgore's Bred-Rite Florida Giant. (120 days.)

KILGORE'S BRED-RITE SEEDS are compact but vigorous and upright in growth. Although slightly later than World Beater and Ruby King, they are extremely heavy producers, often bearing six to eight large fruits at one time. They produce over a much longer season than does World Beater, are disease resistant, and stand adverse conditions better than other varieties.

Florida Giant bears its fruit upright, not pendent like World Beater and most other peppers. It makes much heavier pods than other sorts. The fruits are longer than California Wonder and other thick-meated peppers, usually 5 to 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches long and 4 inches in diameter. Pkt. 5c; oz. 55c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75; lb. \$6.00.

Kilgore's Bred-Rite World Beater. (115 days.)

KILGORE'S BRED-RITE SEEDS Our stock is very productive, the strong, vigorous plants often producing twenty-four marketable peppers, which are pendent but held well above the soil. It matures a big crop very early, the fruits being 5 inches long by 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter, broad at the blossom end, slightly elongated, with four lobes. The fruits are large, meaty, of very attractive market appearance, and excellent shippers. Pkt. 5c; oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.50.

Kilgore's Improved Colossal. (New.) (110 days.)

KILGORE'S BRED-RITE SEEDS improved stock of Colossal pepper which we are introducing for the first time. The plant is upright in growth, very hardy and produces a heavy crop of large fruits over a much longer period than other strains. The fruits are very large, thick fleshed, sweet, four-pronged, and average slightly longer than the World Beater. Pkt. 5c; oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.50.

Ruby Giant. (115 days.) Plant grows tall and upright, and is of very vigorous growth, being somewhat more disease resistant and withstands poor growing conditions better than most varieties of this type. The fruits are somewhat similar to World Beater in shape, being large, four lobed, and very attractive in appearance. Our strain of this variety is extremely productive and bears over a long period. Pkt. 5c; oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.15; lb. \$4.00.

KILGORE'S SEED POTATOES

FOR FALL PLANTING.

NOT PREPAID.

Plant 600 pounds of Seed Potatoes per acre in 3 to 4 foot rows

Fine potatoes can be grown in the fall, but we do not recommend them as a money-making shipping crop, as they would come in competition with the northern crop just being harvested at that time. However, fall planting is all right to produce a crop for local market.

Plant in drills 3 to 4 feet apart, dropping a seed every 15 inches in the row. Use from 1000 to 2000 pounds of good vegetable or Potato Special fertilizer. A 5-7-5 fertilizer mixture is a good standard for potatoes. Plant from the latter part of August until October 15.

For early fall planting it is desirable to use small potatoes and plant whole, as it is next to an absolute impossibility to get the seed up if it is cut; therefore, do not cut the seed for August, September, and early October planting. In early fall, during hot weather, plant seed 5 to 6 inches deep.

We will have limited quantities of the small, well-matured stock for August, September, and early October planting as follows:

RED BLISS. Write for price. **SPAULDING ROSE.** Write for price.

We will be able to furnish the new crop of well-matured, regular line of northern grown seed potatoes early in October, or just as early as possible to secure sufficiently well-matured stock that is safe to cut and make early plantings. Bred-Rite (Packed in 100-lb. crates), State Certified and Selected potatoes in 100-lb bags of both Red Bliss and Spaulding Rose varieties available early in October. Write for prices.

RADISH

Plant 4 pounds of seed per acre, or 1 ounce to 50 feet of row

Culture. Plant in rows 12 to 15 inches apart and thin to 2 inches in the row. For best results, a rich, loose, moist, sandy loam soil is best. Radishes must be grown rapidly to be of the best quality.

Our seed stock is produced each year from carefully selected, transplanted roots.

Prices quoted are postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities

Kilgore's Bred-Rite Early Scarlet Globe.

KILGORE'S BRED-RITE SEEDS (21 days.) We have a perfected stock of this extra early variety. The roots are of good size, globe to olive-shaped, with a very small top. They are always crisp and tender, of uniformly bright scarlet color. In great demand in all markets. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

Scarlet Turnip White-Tipped. (21 days.) Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

Long White Icicle. (23 days.) Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

Long Scarlet Short Top or Cincinnati Market.

(25 days.) Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.



Kilgore's Bred-Rite Early Scarlet Globe Radish
Unsurpassed in Color and Uniformity

RHUBARB or Pie Plant

Sow 3 to 4 lbs. of seed in seed beds for an acre of plants, or plant 5 to 6 lbs. of seed per acre in field

Culture. Plant in the fall in rows 3 to 4 feet apart and thin to about 18 inches in the row. Rhubarb does best in well-drained fertile soil, rich in humus, and is especially well adapted to well-drained muck soil.

Linnaeus. (125 days.) This variety produces thick, fleshy stalks of the best quality and flavor. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45c; lb. \$1.50; Postpaid.

SALSIFY

Plant 1 ounce of seed to 50 feet of row

Drill seed in rows 1 1/2 feet apart, and when 4 inches high thin out, leaving plants 4 to 6 inches apart. Salsify succeeds best in rich, deep, sandy soil. Plant in Florida from October to March.

Mammoth Sandwich Island. (120 days.) Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; postpaid.

SAGE

A very popular garden herb for the South. It is used in flavoring or seasoning and is said to have medicinal properties. Leaves should be cut as plant blooms, and should be dried quickly in the shade. It is a perennial plant, and may be divided for a crop the second year. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c. Postpaid.

SQUASH

Plant 2 pounds of seed per acre of bush varieties

Culture. This is one of the quickest and easiest crops that can be grown, and often proves very profitable. The earliest varieties begin bearing in six or seven weeks from time of planting seed. Squashes can be grown on almost any kind of soil. Use from 800 to 1,200 pounds of fertilizer per acre.

For bush varieties, have rows 4 feet apart and hills 2 feet apart in the row. Put six to eight seeds in each hill, and thin out to two plants when 3 inches high. Squash in Florida is a good paying crop for fall or spring. Plant in fall, from August until October. The early squash brings the money.

Prices quoted are postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities

BUSH VARIETIES



Giant Yellow Summer
Straightneck

Early Yellow Summer Crookneck. (48 days.) This is a very popular variety of the Yellow Crookneck type. It is similar to Giant Crookneck except in size and earliness. The fruit is smaller, with a thinner neck, and matures slightly earlier. Our stock of this variety is extremely prolific. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Giant Yellow Summer Crookneck. (50 days.) As the name implies, the fruits are large, with a rather thick neck. The vines are of the bush type and grow vigorously, but are not as prolific as the Early Yellow Summer Crookneck. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Giant Yellow Summer Straightneck. (50 days.) Similar to Giant Yellow Summer Crookneck, except with a straight instead of a curved neck. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Early White Bush. (Patty Pan type.) (48 days.) This is a very popular type of squash for shipment to northern markets. The fruits are flat but deep, with scalloped edges and measure about 8 inches across by 3 inches through. It is very early and can be shipped about seven weeks after planting. Our stock is extremely prolific and true to type. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Mammoth White Bush. (Patty Pan type.) (50 days.) Larger than Early White Bush but not quite as prolific. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Wood's Earliest Prolific. (Patty Pan type.) (42 days.) Earliest of the Patty Pan type and probably the earliest of all squash varieties. Extremely prolific, producing round, smooth, deep, thick fruits, not scalloped, and of a silvery-gray color. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Cocozelle. (LONG SLENDER ITALIAN VEGETABLE MARROW.) (50 days.) This is the true Italian Vegetable Marrow type. The fruit is 10 to 12 inches long, slender, 1 to 1½ inches in diameter, cylindrical in shape, dark green in color. Our stock of this variety produces a small, bushy, open type of plant, with small, deeply cleft leaves, but with an immense yield of uniformly true to type fruits. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

Zucchini. (SHORT THICK ITALIAN VEGETABLE MARROW.) (50 days.) This variety of the Italian Vegetable Marrow type produces fruit rather short and blocky ranging from 7 to 9 inches in length, light green in color, mottled with gray, giving the fruits a greenish-gray appearance. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

Black Zucchini. (New.) (50 days.) A new improved strain of short, thick, Italian Vegetable Marrow. Fruits similar in shape and size to regular Zucchini, but with a very dark green almost black color. Our stock is uniformly true to type. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$1.50.

SPINACH

PRICES QUOTED ARE POSTPAID

No vegetable makes more nutritious "greens" than Spinach. It contains an abundance of health-producing vitamins and is also very rich in iron, which is so much needed for the blood system.

Culture for Bloomsdale Spinach. Successful for fall and winter planting. Does not grow well in hot weather. Plant seed in rows 16 to 20 inches apart and thin to 4 to 6 inches apart in the row. May be planted broadcast, thinning plants to stand about 10 by 10 inches apart. Plant 1 oz. of seed per hundred feet of row or 12 to 15 lbs. per acre in rows, or 20 to 25 lbs. broadcast.

Bloomsdale. (35 days.) Our re-selected strain of this variety is the very best obtainable; disease-resistant, early, and hardy. The plant is of rapid, upright growth, with very thick, glossy, dark green leaves of medium size, pointed but quite broad and crumpled or blistered. This is the best winter variety and a great favorite with southern shippers. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15c; lb. 50c. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Culture for New Zealand Spinach. As seeds are very hard and germinate with difficulty, soak them in warm water for twenty-four hours to hasten germination. Plant seed in rows two feet apart, and drop three or four seeds per hill about 20 inches apart in the row. Plant three to four pounds of seed per acre.

New Zealand. (55 days.) Entirely distinct from the true Spinach. The plant is tall and very spreading, with numerous side shoots. It grows to a height of 1 foot and spreads to a radius of 2 feet. Leaves are very thick, light green, rather small, broad and pointed. It grows well in hot weather and under adverse conditions, and is sometimes called "Summer" or "Hot-weather Spinach." The leafy tips of the branches are removed and new growth follows, making possible many cuttings. New Zealand Spinach should be planted in every Florida garden. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c. Write for prices on larger quantities.

TOMATO

Sow $\frac{1}{4}$ pound of seed in seed-bed to plant an acre, or plant $\frac{1}{2}$ pound of seed per acre in field

Prices quoted are postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Culture. Tomatoes will do well on almost all kinds of soil, from a sand-bed to a muck-pond. To start with, the land should be put in good condition, and, after thoroughly turning it, the addition of one-half to a ton of hardwood ashes, broadcast and harrowed in, will give fine returns. Then lay off rows 4 to 5 feet apart, open a furrow, and drill in 1200 pounds of high-grade fertilizer and mix thoroughly with the soil. It is good policy to let this stand for three or four days, and then you are ready to put in your seed or set the plants. The seed should not be covered more than an inch deep. Plants should be 6 to 8 inches high and put in the ground nearly up to the bud, $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart in the row, or 12 inches in the row if staked.

Along the East Coast, first plantings are begun during July and continued until in December. North and Central Florida begin planting the latter part of December and continue to middle February. For a fall crop, plantings are made in July, August, and September.

Kilgore's Bred-Rite Marglobe. (98 days.) By field - tests

KILGORE'S BRED-RITE SEEDS TRADE MARK throughout the East Coast, Manatee County, and all tomato-growing sections of the State, Kilgore's Bred-Rite Marglobe has proved to be the best and most desirable type for Florida growers. This is due, apparently, to several reasons; namely, it is more free of navel and large blossom-end scars; the ridging at the stem end is practically eliminated, which means smoother and more fancy fruit, as this ridging usually produces growth-cracks and ill-shaped fruit. The fruits ripen to a beautiful deep scarlet-red color. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c; oz. 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.40; lb. \$5.00.

Kilgore's Crown-Selected Marglobe. (95 days.)

KILGORE'S BRED-RITE SEEDS TRADE MARK This large crown-selected seed will not only produce enormous yields of perfect-shaped, large, fancy fruits, but will produce the major portion of the crop earlier than will other stocks of this variety. When a crop is grown from Kilgore's Crown-Selected Marglobe seed there can be no question about the result, as this seed certainly is the best that most modern scientific methods of seed production can possibly develop. If there is ever a better Marglobe made, Kilgore will make it. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c; oz. 70c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.50; lb. \$9.00.

Kilgore's Extra-Selected Globe. (92 days.)

KILGORE'S BRED-RITE SEEDS TRADE MARK This is one of the earliest Globe strains which has been especially developed for Florida growing conditions. Its smooth, perfectly globe-shaped fruits mature perfectly, do not crack, and ripen to a beautiful deep pink color. Being a strong, vigorous, uniform grower, it is one of the heaviest producers of high-quality fruit that will bring top prices. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c; oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.50.

Kilgore's Crown-Selected Globe. (90 days.)

KILGORE'S BRED-RITE SEEDS TRADE MARK The seed fruits of this variety are picked with great care as to perfect shapes and perfect development, taking only the crown setting, and, in many cases, only one or two tomatoes from a plant. After the seed has been dried, it is given special warehousing and screening to make sample of uniform, large-sized seeds, which is necessary for a uniform lot of plants in the seed-beds and fields. This is a very expensive, tedious, laborious task, but it results in greater vitality, quicker and more uniform germination of seed, luxuriant plant-growth, and abundant production of fancy fruit of unsurpassed quality. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c; oz. 70c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.50; lb. \$9.00.



Kilgore's Improved Grothen Red Globe Tomato

Kilgore's Improved Grothen Red Globe.

KILGORE'S BRED-RITE SEEDS TRADE MARK (New.) (87 days.) This is a new, very early maturing, high yielding variety well adapted to old tomato land.

The plants are of open growth, with rather small foliage requiring rich, deep, moist land for best results, maturing fruits from 10 to 14 days earlier than Marglobe, and ripening to a beautiful red color. A very heavy producer of smooth, globe-shaped, large fruits, sizing up good clear to the top of the plants, producing a very high percentage of fancies. The fruits are firm and solid and the interior ripens up slowly, making this variety an exceptionally good shipper. Exceedingly high yields of large fruits, of excellent shipping quality are the main factors recommending this new variety. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30c; oz. 55c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75; lb. \$6.00.

Pritchard or Scarlet Topper. (New.) (90 days.)

KILGORE'S BRED-RITE SEEDS TRADE MARK The Pritchard was developed by crossing Marglobe with Cooper's Special Self Topper. It combines the good qualities of both parent varieties. Vines medium dense, compact, erect, self-topping. Fruits mature very early, a week to ten days earlier than Marglobe, are large, smooth, meaty, globular in shape and ripen uniformly to a very deep attractive red color, both exterior and interior. This variety is an enormous producer and therefore requires rich or liberally fertilized moist soil. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c; oz. 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.40; lb. \$5.00.

Kilgore's Bred-Rite Cooper's Special Self-

Topper. (92 days.) This is a very heavy producer of extremely early globe-shaped fruits. We have made special selections to increase the size and the percentage of fancy fruits. The plants are hardy and are loaded with fine, solid fruits. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c; oz. 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.40; lb. \$5.00.

TOMATO (Continued)

Kilgore's Bred - Rite Bryan's Self-Topper.

**KILGORE'S
BRED-RITE
SEEDS**
TRADE MARK

(90 days.) This tomato is considered the smoothest, largest, most productive and best of all medium early tomatoes. Every vine is loaded with great quantities of large, solid, globe-shaped tomatoes, and is a few days earlier than Globe. Plants set fruit very heavily in clusters at every joint to the tip end of the vines. Bryan Self-Topper fruit is of pink color, smooth, and with a very small seed cavity. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30c; oz. 55c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75; lb. \$6.00.

Kilgore's Special. (90 days.) The plants of this new variety produce a very heavy yield of early, large, smooth, fancy fruits of a

**KILGORE'S
BRED-RITE
SEEDS**
TRADE MARK

perfect globe shape and very deep from stem to blossom end. They are extremely dark green in color and ripen uniformly to a beautiful deep scarlet. The outstanding feature of this variety is the hardness and firmness of the fruit and its resistance to puffiness, making it absolutely the finest shipping variety in existence. Our tests indicate that this variety is resistant to nail-head rust, phoma, and other fruit rots. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85c; lb. \$3.00.

Kilgore's New Floriglobe. (New.) (95 days.) This is a new wilt-resistant, pink Marglobe. Our strain

**KILGORE'S
BRED-RITE
SEEDS**
TRADE MARK

of this has been especially developed for uniformity, freedom from cracking, smoothness at the stem end, and for a deep globe shape. The plant is a vigorous grower, and very heavy cropper of large sized, fancy fruits, which ripen to a deep pink. We have bred this strain to be surprisingly free from growth cracks. We have had glowing reports from growers on the East Coast of Florida who tested this strain last season. Don't fail to give it a trial. Seed not available until October 1st. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30c; oz. 55c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75; lb. \$6.00.

Clark's Early. (85 days.) This variety is exceedingly popular in Texas. It is an early maturing, semi-globe shaped tomato, very smooth, firm, and of large size, ripening to a beautiful deep red color. The plant stands up well under adverse conditions. Its high yield of fancy, early fruits, along with its good shipping quality, make it a very desirable variety to grow. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c; oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.00.

Redfield Beauty. (92 days.) Vine is vigorous and bears over a long season. Fruits are of globe shape, ripen to a beautiful deep purple, very firm and meaty, holding up well for a long time after harvesting. Fruit resists rotting even under the most trying conditions. A most desirable tomato for southern gardens. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.

Golden Queen. (New.) (95 days.) The best yellow tomato. Vigorous vines produce an abundance of large, smooth, semi-globe shaped fruits ripening to a bright yellow color. Fruits are sweeter and of milder flavor than other kinds. Very attractive combined with red tomatoes or peppers in salads. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c; oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.50.

Break O'Day.

(90 days.) A new early variety 10 to 12 days earlier than Marglobe, it produces heavy crops of large, smooth, globular, meaty, red fruits. The Break O'Day is resistant to wilt and nail-head rust. The plants are rather weak and spreading in growth. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c; oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.50.

Livingston's Globe, Improved.

(95 days.) This is an improved strain of the old Livingston's Globe variety which variety has been popular throughout the Gulf states for many years. Our improved strain is very productive of fancy, perfectly globe-shaped fruits, and the fruits hold their large size and globe-shape until the last pickings. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.50.

Oxheart.

(New.) (90 days.) The Oxheart is large, smooth, thick, tender and almost seedless, frequently showing 2 inches thick without a seed cavity. The color is pink and it has that delicious flavor that every lover of this fruit likes so well. Rich soil adds greatly to its productiveness. This is an ideal variety for the home garden and for the local market. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c; oz. 70c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.50; lb. \$9.00.

Marglobe.

(100 days.) Regular stock. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.50.

Cooper's Special.

(95 days.) Regular stock. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c; oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.15; lb. \$4.00.

Florida Special.

(87 days.) Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.50.

Gulf State Market.

(92 days.) Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c; oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.15; lb. \$4.00.

June Pink.

(88 days.) Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.50.

John Baer.

(92 days.) Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85c; lb. \$3.00.

Ponderosa.

(BRIMMER.) (110 days.) Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c; oz. 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.40; lb. \$5.00.

Small Fruited Varieties

Useful for serving whole in salads, for preserves and pickles, and for ornaments or novelties. Fruits grow in long clusters. Vines are long and slender and produce an astonishing number of fruits.

Red Pear.

(88 days.) Small pear-shaped fruits about an inch in diameter. Plants extremely prolific. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30c; oz. 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50.

Yellow Pear.

(88 days.) Small fruit of the same shape and size as Red Pear, but of yellow color. Unexcelled for preserves. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30c; oz. 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50.

TURNIP AND RUTABAGA

Plant 2 to 3 pounds of seed per acre

We list only the types that are best suited to Florida and Southern growing conditions. Culture. Plant in rows $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart. Thin early, because any overcrowding will result in rough, slow growing, poorly flavored roots. Turnips can be planted and grown every month of the year in Florida. Rutabagas are best grown as a late fall and winter crop. For best quality grow turnips rapidly. Prices quoted are postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Kilgore's Tokyo Market.

(New.) (35 days.) Extremely early in maturity, producing very beautiful, attractive, pure white, globe-shaped roots. Foliage grows upright and is louse resistant. Roots of exceptionally fine quality and of exceedingly attractive appearance. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

Kilgore's Early Florida.

(35 days.) Our seed of this extremely early strain is grown from special hand selected and transplanted roots. Roots of medium size, flat and white with a bright purple top, and mature extremely early. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

Japanese Foliage Turnip.

(Shogoin or Louse Resistant.) (New.) (50 days.) This turnip resists heat, dry weather and lice. Produces an immense yield of upright growing foliage. Roots are pure white, semi-globe shape. Grown largely for the tops which are extremely large, thick, very succulent, tender and of mild turnip flavor. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

Early White Flat Dutch.

(42 days.) A very early, flat, pure white, smooth turnip of medium size Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 50c.

Purple Top White Globe.

(50 days.) Roots almost perfect globe-shaped, flesh and skin white, with a purple or red color above ground. Our strain of this standard variety is especially well bred, uniform and true to type. This variety is grown most extensively in the South for shipment. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 50c.

Kilgore's Earliest White Flat.

(New.) (42 days.) Produces very delicate, smooth, high quality foliage for greens, and matures roots considerably earlier than Japanese Foliage turnip. The foliage grows upright making it louse resistant and easy to clean for greens, root is pure white in color, flat in shape, and develops very early. Grown for both foliage and roots. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 65c.

White Globe.

(44 days.) A handsome, pure white, very large, perfectly round turnip. Closely resembles Purple Top White Globe except for color. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 50c.

Early White Egg.

(45 days.) An early, oval or egg-shaped variety with clear white roots of medium size. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 50c.

American Improved Rutabaga.

(90 days.) The smooth roots attain a much larger size than turnips, are almost globular but slightly oblong, pale yellow with a purple top and with a very small neck. Flesh is yellow, solid and tender. For table use and stock feeding. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 60c.

GRASS AND FIELD SEED

BERMUDA GRASS

Sow 25 to 100 pounds of seed per acre

F.O.B. Plant City, except 10-lb. lots or less, which are prepaid
Seed can be sown from March to November, and should be mixed with fine soil when sowing to get a good even distribution. For pasture, use 25 pounds per acre; for lawns or golf courses, where a heavy thick sod is desired, use $\frac{1}{4}$ pound per 100 square feet or 100 pounds per acre. Bermuda makes a beautiful velvety, permanent lawn where plenty of water is available and proper care given. When Bermuda turns brown in late fall and winter, give it a good application of sheep manure at the rate of 5 pounds per 100 square feet, or 1 ton to acre, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pound Italian Rye Grass per 100 square feet, or 200 pounds to acre, broadcasting both seed and sheep manure right on top of Bermuda, with no cultivation, but plenty of water. This will give a beautiful green lawn throughout winter and spring. $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15c; lb. 40c; 10 lbs. \$3.40; 25 lbs. \$7.75; 100 lbs. \$30.00.

CARPET GRASS

Sow 25 to 100 pounds of seed per acre

F.O.B. Plant City, except 10-lb. lots or less, which are prepaid
Plant in fall from October to December, and in spring from March to June. For pasture use 25 pounds of seed per acre broadcast. Carpet Grass is desirable for lawns and golf courses, and for this purpose use $\frac{1}{4}$ pound for 100 square feet, or 100 pounds per acre. Carpet Grass, like practically all other grasses, thrives where plenty of moisture is available and the richer the soil the better. The more mowing, trampling and grazing it has, the better it likes it and the better the lawn. $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 10c; lb. 35c; 10 lbs. \$2.00; 25 lbs. \$4.00; 100 lbs. \$15.00.

ITALIAN RYE GRASS

FLORIDA'S BLUE GRASS

Sow 50 to 200 pounds of seed per acre

F.O.B. Plant City, except 10-lb. lots or less, which are prepaid

This is a very valuable and desirable fall and winter grass for Florida, but not permanent, giving way as soon as warm weather comes on; however, for quickly grown beautiful green lawns, golf greens, and fairways it cannot be excelled. Planted earlier part of October it will be ready for the mower in three to four weeks, and will make vigorous, luxuriant growth throughout fall and winter and well up into late spring. Do not plant before October 1 and later than March. For lawn or golf-course work, plant $\frac{1}{2}$ pound seed per 100 square feet, or 200 pounds per acre. This will give good, heavy, thick sod. For grazing or hay, plant at rate of 50 pounds per acre. Lb. 20c; 10 lbs. \$1.30; 25 lbs. \$2.50; 100 lbs. \$10.00.

CENTIPEDE GRASS

Use 1 bushel of sprigs per 600 sq. ft.

This new variety of lawn grass has become very popular in the last few years. It forms a very heavy sod, choking out even bermuda grass and sand spurs. It never needs weeding and is very easy to mow. This grass is practically disease-free and needs only light applications of fertilizer twice a year.

When planting prepare the soil and fertilize carefully. This grass is planted by sprigs, 3 to 5 inches long, in rows 12 inches apart, and 3 to 4 inches apart in the rows. Insert the sprigs in the ground, leaving about $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 inch showing. Do not cover them entirely. For the first few months the lawn will need careful watering and some fertilizer. Some weeding may be necessary before the lawn is well established. 1 bu. \$1.25; 5 bu. \$5.50; 10 bu. \$9.50. Not prepaid.

RYE

Sow 1 peck of seed in drills; broadcast 1 bushel per acre

Rye can be planted from September to January, but October, November, and December are the best months in which to plant. If you wish to cut and feed green instead of grazing it, plant in drills, 3 feet apart, using a peck of seed per acre, but where planted broadcast, it will take 1 bushel to seed an acre.

Abruzzi. During the last few seasons this variety has been planted very extensively and has proven to be one of the very best for Florida. Strictly a southern-grown variety, producing a heavier tonnage of green feed and grain than other types. Grows tall and upright, and is an early and a heavy yielder. Lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; postpaid. Not prepaid, 14 lbs. (pk.) 70c; 56 lbs. (bu.) \$2.25.

Florida Black Rye. A standard upright, tall growing variety and a type that always gives satisfactory results in Florida. Northern or western varieties of rye have a tendency to fall over on the ground and are not suitable for grazing or cutting in Florida. Florida Black and Abruzzi are tall, upright growing varieties and both are ready for grazing in six to eight weeks. Lb. 20c; 2 lbs. 35c; postpaid. Not prepaid, 14 lbs. (pk.) 90c; 56 lbs. (bu.) \$3.00.

Georgia. A very popular sort, and large quantities are sold each year, but it does not grow upright, having a tendency to fall over after reaching a height of 15 to 18 inches. However, where wanted for grazing alone, and not to cut, it will be found satisfactory. Lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; postpaid. Not prepaid, 14 lbs. (pk.) 65c; 56 lbs. (bu.) \$2.10.

OATS

Sow 2 bushels of seed per acre
A bushel weighs 32 pounds

If planted in drills, make them $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart and cover seed 2 to 3 inches deep. If the seed is broadcast, put them in with a tooth harrow. The best time to plant oats in Florida is October and November. However, the Burt, or 90-Day, can be planted as late as January.

Fulghum. (110 days.) This is one of the South's very best. Although later than Burt, it is a far heavier yielder, and is rustproof, entirely beardless and drought-resistant. Lb. 10c; 2 lbs. 15c; postpaid. Not prepaid, 8 lbs. (pk.) 35c; 32 lbs. (bu.) \$1.00.

Burt. (90-Day.) (90 to 100 days.) Quick maturing and one of Florida's most popular oats. It is a sure cropper, and can be planted later than any other variety. Lb. 10c; 2 lbs. 15c; postpaid. Not prepaid, 8 lbs. (pk.) 35c; 32 lbs. (bu.) \$1.00.

Winter Turf. (GRAZING) (130 days.) Splendid for pasturing; looks more like rye while growing. Severe cold never seems to affect this variety. One of the best for grazing. Lb. 15c; 2 lbs. 25c; postpaid. Not prepaid, 8 lbs. (pk.) 45c; 32 lbs. (bu.) \$1.25.

DWARF ESSEX RAPE

Sow 4 pounds of seed in drills or 8 pounds broadcast per acre

F.O.B. Plant City, except 10-lb. lots or less, which are prepaid
Rape can be grown on a variety of soils, ranging from a sand-bed to a muck pond. Rape is not suitable as a dry forage, but for pasture or green feed there is nothing better, producing green feed from October until April. It is best sown in drills 4 feet apart. Rape can be sown from September to March. After cutting or grazing off it keeps coming out again. For hogs, sheep, and cattle, Rape is a great fat-producer. Pkt. 10c; lb. 30c; 10 lbs. \$1.50; 100 lbs. \$10.00.

SUNFLOWER

Sow 6 pounds of seed per acre

F. O. B. Plant City, except 10-lb. lots or less, which are postpaid
Mammoth Russian. Plant from March to September. Sow 6 pounds of seed per acre in drills 3 feet apart and hills 1 foot apart in the drill, thinning out to one stalk in the hill when 4 to 6 inches high. $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 15c; lb. 20c; 10 lbs. \$1.50; 100 lbs. \$11.00.

Suggestions for the Home Flower- Garden

Many of our friends, while interested primarily in vegetables, will also appreciate the desirability of beautifying the home surroundings by the planting of appropriate flowers. Make Florida more beautiful. Do it with flowers. We recommend the following varieties, all priced: Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c, postpaid.



A Bed of Kilgore's Sunburst Mixture Zinnias

Ageratum	Cosmos, Mingle Mixture	Nasturtium Double Gleam	Statice, Sea Lavender
Alyssum	Cynoglossum	Hybrids (New Dwarf)	Sunflower, Sunshine Mixture
Aster, Imperial Mixture	Daisy, Shasta	Nasturtium, Dwarf	Sweet Peas, Blue
Aster, Crego, Assorted Colors	Dianthus, Medal Mixture	Nasturtium, Tall	Sweet Peas, Dazzler
Arctotis, African Daisy	Gaillardia, Cosmopolitan Mixture	Pansy, Giant Mixture	Sweet Peas, Flesh
Baby's Breath, White	Gaillardia, Lorenziana	Petunia, Fluffy Ruffles	Sweet Peas, Monarch
Baby's Breath, Pink	Helianthus	Petunia, Purple Princess	Sweet Peas, Rainbow Mixture
Balsam	Helichrysum	Petunia, Rosy Morn	Sweet Peas, Late Flowering Mixture
Blue Lace Flower	Larkspur, Giant Mixture	Petunia, Velvet Red	Tithonia or Mexican Sunflower
Bachelor's Button, Dainty Mixture	Lupines	Petunia, Violet Countess	Verbena, Master Mixture
Calendula, Golden Orange	Marigold, Guinea Gold	Petunia, Superb Mixture	Vinca or Periwinkle, Mixed
Calendula, Sulphur Queen	Marigold, Lemange Mixture	Phlox, Peninsular Mixture	Zinnia, New Giants of California, Special Mixture
Calendula, Excellent Mixture	Nasturtium, Double Golden Gleam (New Dwarf)	Poppy, California Gorgeous Mixture	Zinnia, Double Giant Dahlia Flowered, Sunburst Mixture
Calliopsis	Nasturtium Double Scarlet Gleam (New Dwarf)	Portulaca	Zinnia, Assorted Pompon or Lilliput Mixture
Candytuft		Salvia, Splendens	
Carnation, Charm Mixture		Scabiosa, Sunrise Mixture	
		Snapdragon, Giant Mixture	
		Snapdragon, Half-Tall Mixture	

ROSE BUSHES

Plant December, January, February, and March.

TO BE SURE OF SECURING VARIETIES DESIRED, ORDERS SHOULD BE SENT EARLY.
Postage paid on all Rose Bushes. Rose Bushes cannot be shipped before December 1.

When ordering rose bushes, state time delivery is wanted.

Our rose bushes are the very finest, healthy, sturdy, budded, acclimated stock, all Florida grown, and therefore accustomed to climatic conditions of Florida.

All our roses are strong, field grown, and are budded on Rosa Multiflora stock.
All orders will be shipped direct from the nursery.

Prices of all varieties of Roses	Each
1-year, strong	\$0.30
2-year, large	.35

For a complete list of Flowers, Rose Bushes, Lawn Grass, Rock Garden and Fish Pool Supplies, and complete cultural directions for preparing, planting and fertilizing, we refer you to our "Flower Planting Guide for the South" which may be obtained free of charge through any of our stores or by writing The Kilgore Seed Company, Plant City, Florida.

FRUIT AND NUT TREES

Figs, Grapes, Peaches, Pears, Paper Shell Pecans, Plums and Japanese Persimmons.

We carry a complete line of fruit and nut trees of varieties best adapted to Florida and the southeast. Our fruit and nut trees are the very best, most dependable, budded, result-producing stocks.

Orders are taken for delivery between December 1 and March 15. As the supply of the most desirable varieties frequently becomes exhausted early in the season, it will behoove our friends to order early, stating when delivery is wanted.

All orders will be shipped direct from the nursery.

For complete list of varieties and prices see Kilgore's spring 1935 catalog, or write the Kilgore Seed Company, Plant City, Fla.

Insecticides and Fungicides

F. O. B. Plant City
and all stores unless otherwise stated.

A new ruling permits the mailing of all insecticides except Cyanogas and Bi-Sulphide of Carbon. Be sure to allow enough extra for postage when ordering because all prices are f. o. b. Plant City or our stores.

It is worse than false economy to try to grow a truck crop without the use of insecticides and fungicides. The successful growers know the importance of this very essential feature in producing paying truck crops.

ARSENATE OF LEAD POWDER. Lb. 20c; 4 lbs. 60c; 48 lbs. \$6.70; 96 lbs. \$12.50.

BI-SULPHIDE OF CARBON. Best thing known for ridding grains of weevils, and excellent for killing ants, grasshoppers, etc., and for destroying vermin. Sold in gallon cans only, \$2.00. (Not mailable.)

BLUESTONE (COPPER SULPHATE). CRYSTALS: 4 lbs. 30c; 10 lbs. 70c; 25 lbs. \$1.50; 100 lbs. \$5.50. SNOWFORM: 4 lbs. 40c; 10 lbs. 80c; 25 lbs. \$1.60; 100 lbs. \$5.75. Write for special prices on barrel or ton lots.

CALCIUM ARSENATE. (BOWKER'S CALCIDE). Lb. 15c; 4 lbs. 40c; 48 lbs. \$4.08.

CARBOLINEUM (AVENARIUS). A wonderful insecticide and germicide for many uses. Preserves wood against rot and double its life. In gallon cans, \$1.75.

COOPER'S CATTLE DIP. This is the only real, effective Cattle Dip on the market. Equally effective when sprayed or dipped. Qt. 75c; gal. \$2.25.

COPPER-LIME-ARSENATE DUST. 20-20-60. 5 lbs. 85c; 10 lbs. \$1.25; 25 lbs. \$2.60; 50 lbs. \$4.35; 100 lbs. \$7.25.

COPPER-LIME DUST (BORDEAUX). 20-80. 5 lbs. 75c; 10 lbs. \$1.05; 25 lbs. \$2.10; 50 lbs. 3.40; 100 lbs. \$5.25.

CYANOGAS A-DUST. Deadly to rodent and insect pests. For best results, use a small hand duster to force the Cyanogas deep enough in the burrows to make a complete kill. 1/2-lb. tins 45c; 1-lb. tins 75c; 5-lb. tins \$3.00; 25-lb. tins \$10.00; 100-lb. drums \$25.00. (Not mailable.)

CYANOGAS—ANT KILLER. Instantly and permanently kills ant colonies in lawns, gardens and yards, before ants get into the home. 4 oz. can 30c.

DIXIE KILLER. Exterminates rats, mice, roaches, water bugs, land crabs, cut worms and other destroyers of food and property. 2 oz. 25c; 1 lb. 60c; 3 lbs. \$1.50.

DUSTING SULPHUR WITH SPREADER. 5 lbs. 30c; 10 lbs. 45c; 25 lbs. \$1.00; 50 lbs. \$1.50; 100 lbs. \$2.75.

FISH-OIL SOAP. Used largely for white fly, mites, San Jose scale, thrip, and various other sucking insects. It is harmless to tender foliage. Use from 5 to 10 pounds Fish-Oil to 50 gallons of water. Lb. 25c; 8 lbs. 80c; 16 lbs. \$1.50; 50 lbs. \$3.25.

FLOWERS OF SULPHUR. 100 per cent pure Sulphur. Lb. 10c; 10 lbs. 65c; 25 lbs. \$1.25; 50 lbs. \$2.25; 100 lbs. \$4.00.

KALO SPRAY. Non-arsenical spray for chewing insects, 4 lbs. 90c; 50-lb. bag \$10.00.

KALOIL. A contact spray for sucking insects. 1 1/2 oz. 35c; 6 oz. \$1.00; 32 oz. \$3.50; 1 gal. \$11.75.

KAYSO (a spreader) 2 lbs. 40c; 48 lbs. \$8.30.

KILGORE'S FLY AND MOSQUITO SPRAY. A stainless liquid insecticide especially for household use. It kills roaches, bed-bugs, ants, moths, mosquitoes, and flies. 1/2pt. 20c; pt. 35c; qt. 55c; gal. \$1.75.

LIME-SULPHUR SOLUTION. (32 to 34 degrees Baume.) 1-gal. can 55c; 5 gals. \$2.00. Write for special price on half-barrel and barrel lots or more.

3% NICOTINE DUST. 5 lbs. \$1.00; 10 lbs. \$1.65; 25 lbs. \$3.50; 50 lbs. 5.80; 100 lbs. \$11.00.

NICOTROL. Nicotine Sulphate with spreader. Qt. \$1.25; Gal. \$2.75; 5 gal. drum \$10.50.

PARIS GREEN. 1/4lb. 15c; 1/2lb. 25c; lb. 40c; 5 lbs. \$1.65; 10 lbs. \$3.20; 100 lbs. \$29.00.

PENETROL. A free flowing spreader. Qt. 75c; gal. \$1.75; 5-gal. drum \$6.75.

POWDERED BORDEAUX. Bluestone and lime in the proper proportion to make up Bordeaux Spray. Add water according to directions. Lb. 25c; 4 lbs. 65c; 48 lbs. \$6.72.

PYRETHRUM POWDER. Kills bedbugs, ants and roaches. 1 lb. 50c; 10 lbs. \$4.80; 25 lbs. \$11.75; 50 lbs. \$23.00; 100 lbs. \$45.00; bbls. (225 lbs.) 40c per lb.

SULPHUR. Clear dusting Sulphur. Lb. 7c; 10 lbs. 45c; 25 lbs. \$1.00; 50 lbs. \$1.75; 100 lbs. \$2.75; ton \$52.00.

SULPHUR (for agricultural purposes). Lb. 6c; 10 lbs. 40c; 25 lbs. 85c; 100 lbs. \$2.50; ton, \$47.00.

TERRO ANT KILLER. Will rid your place of ants in twenty-four hours. Small size bottle 25c; large size bottle 50c.

TOBACCO DUST. High-grade strong snuff, not the ground stems usually sold which are absolutely useless as an insecticide. Lb. 8c; 10 lbs. 55c; 25 lbs. \$1.10; 100 lbs. \$3.75.

SEMESAN

For treatment of beans, peas, cabbage, eggplant, pepper, and all kinds of vegetable seeds, to control seed-borne diseases.

Each package has complete directions.

2 ozs..... \$0.50 | 5 lbs..... \$11.75

1 lb..... 2.50 | 25 lbs..... 46.25

NEW IMPROVED SEMESAN BEL

For treatment of potatoes, controlling certain diseases of this crop. Each package has complete directions.

4 ozs.....	\$0.50	5 lbs.....	\$ 8.00
1 lb.....	1.75	25 lbs.....	31.25

Prices quoted are F.O.B. Plant City and all stores.

RED ARROW INSECT SPRAY. Makes a perfect solution, harmless to foliage, non-poisonous to human, animal, or poultry life, safe and easy to use for all kinds of insects. Prices quoted are postpaid.

A 1-oz. bottle makes 4 to 8 gallons. Price 35c; 1/4-pint can makes 20 to 35 gallons. Price \$1.00. 1-pint can makes 35 to 70 gallons. Price \$2.00. 1-quart can makes 140 to 280 gallons. Price \$3.70. 1-gallon can makes 560 to 1100 gallons. Price \$12.00.

EVERGREEN. Evergreen is non-poisonous to humans, birds, or pets. Its killing agent is pyrethrum which has the unusual quality of being fatal to plant insects, but harmless to higher forms of life. 1 oz. 35c; 6 oz. \$1.00 1 pt. \$2.00; 1 gal. \$12.00. Prepaid.

SULFOCID AND SCALECIDE

For Spraying Vegetables and Citrus Trees.

SULFOCID. Unexcelled as a vegetable spray. Controls mildew, rust and anthracnose on beans. Also used in the washing water before shipping beans to control diseases while in transit. Pt. 55c; qt. 90c; gal. \$2.50; 5 gals. \$8.10.

SCALECIDE. Excellent for citrus. Combined with Sulfocid at the rate of two gallons Scalecide and one gallon Sulfocid to two hundred gallons of water, it takes care of practically all citrus troubles. Qt. 65c; gal. \$1.55; 5 gals. \$5.45; 10 gals. \$9.40.

Write for descriptive pamphlets on Sulfocid and Scalecide.

BLACK LEAF 40

The Standard Contact Insecticide

For the control of aphids, thrips, leaf-hoppers, and other soft-bodied sucking insects. Recommended by Agricultural Colleges and Experiment Stations. Safe on fruits, foliage and buds. Useful for all vegetables, citrus and ornamentals. Also valuable painted undiluted on top of poultry roosts to control body lice, and as a spray against poultry lice. Price: Oz. 35c; 5 oz. \$1.00; 1 lb. \$2.25; 2 lbs. \$3.25; 5 lbs. \$5.85; 10 lbs. \$10.60, prepaid.

PYROX

For Easier and Better Spraying—Not Prepaid

A scientifically prepared Bordeaux spray. For blights and fungus diseases. A Pyrox-sprayed crop thrives. Labor costs are reduced. Pyrox protects your crop without the annoyance and expense arising from clogged nozzles and injury to foliage.

Pyrox Without Poison: Affords complete protection against blight and other fungus diseases. 50 lbs. \$5.75; 100 lbs. \$9.00; 500 lbs. \$33.50.

Pyrox: Contains poison to kill leaf-chewing insects, also protects against blight and other fungus diseases. Price: 1 lb. 50c; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.00; 25 lbs. \$6.25; 50 lbs. \$10.00; 100 lbs. \$13.50; 300 lbs. \$33.00.

Nicotine Pyrox: A complete spray which kills both leaf-chewing insects and sucking insects, as well as prevents blight and other foliage diseases. Valuable for use in the home vegetable and flower garden. Price: 10 oz. pkg. 50c; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.00.

For Best Results

INOCULATE
YOUR LEGUMES WITH

Nitragin Prices Quoted Are Postpaid

	1/2 bu.	1 bu.	2 bu.	2 1/2 bu.	5 bu.	10 bu.
Austrian Peas	\$.35	\$.50	\$...	\$...	\$ 2.25	\$...
Beggarweed .....	.35	.65	...	1.40	...	...
Crotalaria .....	.35	.65	...	1.40	...	...
Velvet Beans .....	.35	.65	...	1.40	...	2.45
Cow Peas .....	.35	.50	...	1.40	...	2.45
Garden Beans .....	.35	.65	...	2.25	...	...
Garden Peas .....	.35	.50	...	2.25	...	...
Lima Beans .....	.35	.65	...	1.40	...	2.45
Peanuts .....	.35	.65	...	1.40	...	2.45
Soy Beans .....	.35	.65	...	1.40	...	2.45

Nitragin Garden Culture: For Garden Beans, Garden Peas, Lima Beans, Lupines, and Sweet Peas. Inoculates from one ounce to eight pounds of seed. Price 25c.



Restores and Maintains Soil Fertility

SPRAYERS

ALL PRICES QUOTED ON SPRAYERS AND DUSTERS ARE PREPAID.
We Carry a Complete Line of Repair Parts for All Sprayers Listed. Write for Prices.

Vermorel Knapsack Sprayer

The Vermorel Sprayer does not have to be placed on the ground while pumping is done. A 40 pound pressure is maintained by an occasional stroke of the lever, which is placed at the right hand side of the spray tank. The tank is elliptical in shape and concave on one side, which allows it to fit snugly against the back. It is supported by two leather straps, which distribute the weight evenly over both shoulders, thus allowing the operator free use of both hands while spraying.

Brass Tank—3½ Gallons Capacity. Price \$18.00.

Brown's Compressed Air Sprayers

This Sprayer is made with a heavy lock seam riveted tank, the capacity of which is 4 gallons. Equipped with 2 feet of 5-ply Hose, Non-Clog Jr. Nozzle, Carrying-Strap, Auto-Pop Shut-off and 2-foot Extension Rod with each machine.

The nozzle has a strainer screen which prevents the sediment from clogging the discharge aperture in the nozzle. Suitable for spraying small trees as well as all kind of truck crops.

Blue Ribbon No. 91B. Brass Tank, 4 Gallons Capacity.....\$7.80
Auto Spray No. 9A. Galv. Tank, 4 Gallons Capacity.....\$6.65

Hand Sprayers and Dusters.

All prices quoted are postpaid.



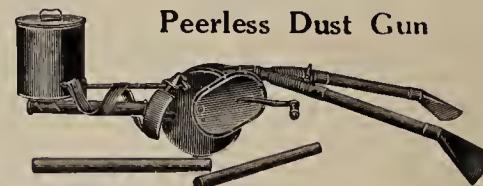
Brass Tank—4 Gallons Capacity. Price \$20.00.

The Champion Sprayer

This new sprayer is so simple in construction, there can never be trouble. Easy to use, it being carried on the back, economical in cost, powerful in operation.

All Copper Tank, 5 Gallons Capacity, \$16.00.

Peerless Dust Gun



The most perfectly balanced Duster on the market. It will dust one or two rows and will dust underneath the foliage. It is ball bearing, has a powerful air-blast, is easy to operate, can be regulated, and will dust medium-sized trees.

The Peerless Duster is operated from the side of operator. The body plate is operated with universal joint, giving a comfortable position at any angle without chafing the body. Its simplicity makes it fool-proof. Holds 10 pounds of dust. Price \$19.00.

Miscellaneous Farm and Garden Tools

Cyclone Seeder

The automatic feed adjustment gives a positive force feed and is quickly adjusted for different seeds. Flow can be started or stopped instantly by the touch of a lever. Seed cannot clog or rush. No waste of seed. Made for any kind of grain or grass seed which can be sown broadcast, such as alfalfa, alsike, barley, beggarweed, buckwheat, corn, clover, cowpeas, millet, oats, peas, rape, rye, soy beans, sorghum, turnips, vetches, wheat. One man seeds several acres per hour. Price \$2.50 postpaid.

Planet Jr. Tools

SAVE WORK AND MONEY

All Prices quoted on Planet Jr. Tools are F.O.B. Plant City, or F.O.B. any Kilgore Store.

Kilgore's Bred-Rite Seeds, the best that money can buy, will not give you best results unless you give the plants grown from them the proper care. Send for the complete Planet Jr. catalog.



Planet Jr.
No. 4D Hill
and Drill
Seeder

A favorite with large and small gardeners for over 40 years. Easily adjustable to sow either in drills or in hills 4, 6, 8, 12 or 24 inches apart. Instantly adjustable for any size seed opening. Shuts off automatically at the end of the row.

No. 119 Planet Jr. Garden Plow

The No. 119 with its 24-inch wheel is particularly suited to use in rough or very soft ground. The equipment included is all that is needed in most gardens. The single cultivator tooth is for making narrow furrows, marking out rows or for mixing fertilizer in the bottom of a seed furrow. The reversible scuffle blade attachment is for weeding, or reversed, for cultivating. The plow is for hillng, furrowing or light plowing. No. 35 Seeder fits the No. 119 Garden Plow. Shipping weight 18 lbs. Price \$3.65.

Shipping
Weight
41 lbs.
Price \$13.50

F.O.B.
Plant City
and all stores

No. 220 Planet Jr. Fertilizer Distributor

Designed particularly for Florida, the No. 220 is an economical and efficient fertilizer distributor. It can be adjusted to spread fertilizer evenly on the ground from four to thirty inches wide. The quantity of fertilizer to be distributed can be accurately regulated from 200 to 2,000 pounds per acre. The hopper capacity is one bushel. Shipping weight 115 pounds. Price \$26.00.

No. 17 Planet Jr. Single Wheel Hoe

Planet Jr. Single Wheel hoes have all steel frames, and a fifteen inch steel wheel. They are practically indestructible. The No. 17 is the most popular for home garden use including the three essential attachments; hoe, cultivator teeth and plow. Shipping weight 22 lbs. Price \$7.35.

No. 19 Planet Jr. Garden Plow and Cultivator

Equipped with one two-inch cultivator tooth, one 10-inch sweep, and one plow. Shipping weight 18 lbs. Price \$4.75.

No. 11 Planet Jr. Double and Single Wheel Hoe

Shipping Weight 37 lbs. Price \$13.00.

No. 4 Planet Jr. Combined Hill and Drill Seeder, Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow

Shipping weight 50 lbs. Price \$16.75.

CANNING DEPARTMENT

LIVE AT HOME AND BEAT HARD TIMES!

Hardly is there a day in Florida when there is not some luscious vegetable or fruit that can easily be conserved for later use. Meats, poultry and fish can also be conserved by modern, safe and scientific methods—the same methods as used by commercial canners. A pantry full of wholesome home-canned products means a better balanced diet for the entire family the year round. Canning home products is fascinating, convenient, avoids waste and helps build a bank account.

It is estimated that each year approximately 100,000 carloads of fresh fruits and vegetables rot on the ground in the United States as the result of glutted markets during the growing season. At least 95 per cent of this enormous waste could be turned into profit with a small investment for a home canning plant on the farm.

We carry a complete line of home canning equipment and supplies at all times. For detailed description of different home canning appliances and equipment see Kilgore's Spring catalog.

Dixie Simplified Automatic Home Can Sealer With Can Saver Attachment

One of the best home can sealers ever built. Equipped to seal No. 2 (pint) and No. 3 (quart) Sanitary cans. Can be furnished to seal No. 1 and No. 2 1/2 cans, if desired. Price \$16.50, prepaid.

Burpee's Home Can Sealers

Safe, Simple, Convenient, Inexpensive Home Can Sealers. Prices Quoted Are Prepaid.

Burpee Self Sealer (Automatic)	\$14.95
Burpee Quick Change Home Can Sealer.....	\$12.50
Burpee No. 23, Model 5. (Old Style)	\$ 9.75
All of the above Burpee sealers are equipped to seal No. 2 (pint) and No. 3 (quart) Sanitary cans.	

Aluminum Pressure Cookers

Prices Quoted are F.O.B. Plant City

Capacity	No. 2		No. 3		Price
	Cans	Cans	Cans	Cans	
Burpee No. 5-10 (Aluminum)	10	5			\$15.00
Burpee No. 10-16 (Aluminum)	16	10			18.00
Burpee No. 25 T. S. (tinned steel)	16	10			10.50
Burpee No. 25 E. (Enamelled)	16	10			11.50
Pressure Double Boiler inset for Burpee Cookers					6.50
12 quart Dixie Improved Pressure Cooker..	10	5			13.00
18 quart Dixie Improved Pressure Cooker..	15	8			14.00
25 quart Dixie Improved Pressure Cooker..	21	10			16.50

The Dixie Improved Pressure Cooker is equally as suitable with tin cans or glass jars. The 12 quart cooker holds 7 pint, 4 quart, or 2 half gallon glass jars. The 18 quart holds 8 pints, 5 quart, or 3 half-gallon glass jars. The 25 quart holds 18 pint, 7 quart, or 4 half-gallon glass jars.

GLASS FRUIT JARS. We carry a complete line of different types and sizes glass fruit jars, jelly glasses and honey jars. Write for information and prices.

POULTRY DEPARTMENT

WE CARRY ONLY THE VERY BEST POULTRY SUPPLIES. OUR STOCKS ARE COMPLETE AT ALL TIMES, WHICH MEANS QUICK AND EFFICIENT SERVICE ON ALL ORDERS.

General Poultry Supplies

(Postpaid)

For detailed descriptions see Kilgore's spring catalog.

Double Feed Troughs, 18-in. 35c; 24-in.....	\$.45
Double Feed Trough—21 inch, capacity 10 qts.....	1.00
Double Feed Trough—35 inch, capacity 17 qts.....	1.50
Round Baby Chick Feeders, 8 hole 10c; 12 hole.....	.20
Grit and Shell Boxes, 2-part 40c; 3-part 75c; 4-part.....	1.00
Star Jar Fountain and Feeder 10c; 3 for.....	.25
Bottom Fill Fountain, 1/2 gal. 30c; 1 gal.....	.45
Key Ring Leg Bands, all colors, each 1c; 100.....	.75
Aluminum Leg Bands, adjustable, 1 doz. 15c; 100 bands.....	.75
Moe's Egg Tester .....	.25
Moe's Dry Mash Hoppers, 8 1/2 in. wide \$1.00; 12 in. wide 24-in. wide	1.50
Moe's Ideal Poultry Punch, Nickle Plated.....	2.00
Buttermilk Feeders, heavy tin, 10 inch 25c; 20 inch.....	.35
Medicated Nest Eggs	Each \$.03
China Nest Eggs	Each Doz. \$.30
Thermometers. Universal Buckeye-Incubator Thermometer. \$1.00; Brooder Thermometer, 60c; Weather Thermometer—8 inch wood case 50c, 10 inch Japanned tin case \$1.50.	

Buckeye Brooders

(Freight Prepaid)

No. 642, Blue Flame, 42 inch canopy..... \$10.35

No. 652, Blue Flame, 52 inch canopy..... \$10.95

PRATT'S POULTRY AND STOCK PREPARATIONS

(Postpaid)

Pratt's Poultry Regulator, pkg. 25c; 4 lbs. 50c; 12 lbs. \$1.40; 25 lbs. \$2.50.

Pratt's Animal Regulator, pkg. 25c; 3 lbs. 45c; 7 lbs. 85c; 25 lbs. \$2.50.

Pratt's Poultry Worm Powder, 100 hen size 60c; 500 hen size \$2.00; 1000 hen size \$3.50.

Pratt's N-K Poultry Worm Capsules. Adult size, 50-capsule pkg. 75c; 100-capsule pkg. \$1.35; Chick size, 50-capsule pkg. 50c; 100-capsule pkg. 90c.

Pratt's R-P Tablets (formerly Roup), 1 1/2 oz. 25c; 3 1/2 oz. 50c.

Pratt's Chick Tablets (formerly Diarrhoea), 7/8 oz. 25c; 2 1/2 oz. 50c.

Pratt's Roost Paint. Kills Lice. 1/2 pt. 75c; Pt. \$1.25; Qt. \$2.00; Gal. \$6.00.

Pratt's Disinfectant for Dipping and Spraying Poultry and Stock. Pint 35c; quart 50c; 1/2 gal. 85c; gal. \$1.45.

Pratt's Fly Chaser. (For livestock). 1 qt. 50c; 1/2 gal. 85c; gal. \$1.45; 5 gal. \$6.50.

BEE-KEEPERS' SUPPLIES, BEE-HIVES AND EQUIPMENT

We carry a large and complete line of beekeeper's supplies at all our Florida stores, and in our mail order department at Plant City, Florida. Write for a complete catalog on beekeeper's supplies.





IF YOU FARM FOR PROFIT

The one sure way to make more money from your farm operations is to use SOILADE. In hundreds of side by side tests, it has proved itself vastly superior to old style fertilizers and has demonstrated that it is possible, with the same amount of labor, to make more money from the land. Record yields of Tomatoes, Potatoes, Beans, Peppers, Celery, Strawberries, Citrus fruit and other crops are being produced by SOILADE and invariably they have better flavor, substance and appearance and bring better prices on account of their fine shipping quality.

SOILADE, alone amongst fertilizers, embodies a special scientific principle of feeding, which delivers 100% nourishment to the roots of the plant—steadily, uniformly and continuously, day after day, hour after hour. SOILADE also has rare mineral elements not contained in ordinary fertilizers and it is 100% active. No waste materials in it. It reduces expense of spraying because it contains special ingredients repellent to insects.

Any farmer, interested in making more money from his land, should send at once for a copy of the new book "MONEY-FARMING". It tells the complete story of SOILADE and shows actual photographs of results you may expect by using this modern plant food. SOILADE is especially compounded to meet local soil requirements and, for this reason, we cannot quote general prices. Let us know your location and your crop and prices will be promptly furnished.

BRADLEY'S AA QUALITY FERTILIZERS

Put up in 100 lb. bags. On single bag orders, prices listed are F.O.B. Plant City. On orders for 300 lbs. and up prices listed are on a delivered basis to any point in Florida. Bradley's AA Quality Brands of Fertilizer are properly balanced and have the greatest crop producing powers for Florida soils.

BRADLEY'S B. P. CITRUS FERTILIZER

30 per cent Organic-Potash Sulphate

Ammonia	Phosphoric	Potash	Bag	Ton
4%	8%	3% For early spring and summer	\$1.70	\$33.00
3%	8%	5% For late summer	1.70	32.50
3%	8%	10% For late fall	1.90	36.75

The above Fertilizers are made from bone-meal, guano, ground tobacco stems, superphosphate, H. G. sulphate of potash, nitrate, and sulphate of ammonia.

BRADLEY'S AA SURE CROP FERTILIZER

20 per cent Organic-Potash Muriate

Ammonia	Phosphoric	Potash	Bag	Ton
3%	9%	3%	\$1.40	\$27.25

The best fertilizer mixture for Florida field crops. Valuable for corn, cane, sweet potatoes, cotton, peanuts, etc.

BRADLEY'S LAZARETTO TRUCK FERTILIZERS

30 per cent Organic-Potash Sulphate

Ammonia	Phosphoric	Potash	Bag	Ton
4%	8%	3%	\$1.55	\$30.50
5%	5%	5%	1.70	32.25
5%	7%	3%	1.65	31.75
5%	7%	5%	1.75	33.50

Bradley's Lazaretto Truck Fertilizers are made from H. G. sulphate of potash, superphosphate, fish, blood and bone, castor meal, cotton seed meal, nitrate and sulphate of ammonia.

BRADLEY'S LAWN FERTILIZER

10 per cent Organic-Potash Muriate

Ammonia	Phosphoric	Potash	Bag	Ton
5%	7%	3%	\$1.45	\$28.00

AGRICO

"The Fertilizer with the extra Plant Foods." Different analyses for different crops. Call or write for special Agrico pamphlet.

Other Fertilizers Recommended

WIZARD BRAND SHEEP MANURE

Wizard is pure sheep manure, highly concentrated, with all weed seeds killed. It supplies the humus and natural plant-food so needed by Florida soils.

For New Lawns use 10 to 12 pounds per 100 square feet and rake into the surface soil. On old lawns use 8 to 10 pounds scattered broadcast and wet down with a hose.

For Flowers and Shrubs mix Wizard with the soil around each plant, using 1 to 5 pounds according to size.

For Fruits and Vegetables use 1000 to 1500 pounds per acre. Apply with a drill in the row or hill. Wizard is a profitable and lasting soil-building fertilizer.

10 lbs. 25 lbs. 100 lbs. Ton
Wizard Brand Sheep Manure..... \$0.45 \$0.75 \$2.00 \$39.00

All sheep manure prices quoted are F.O.B. Plant City and all stores.

GRANULAR AERO CYANAMID

Granular Aero Cyanamid is a fertilizer carrying both ammonia 27% and lime 70%. It is also valuable in helping to control soil disease organisms, especially nematodes. Packed in convenient, even weight, paper lined, 100-lb. sacks. 100 lbs. \$2.10; ton \$40.00, f.o.b. Plant City, and all stores. Call or write for interesting booklets describing its uses.

AMMO-PHOS. High analysis fertilizers induce faster growth, earlier maturity, improved quality, and increased yields of fruits and vegetables, and enable you to be among the first to harvest at highest market prices.

Ammo-Phos No. 1	14 1/2	24	12	Bag	Ton
Ammo-Phos No. 2	11	18	18	3.90	77.00
Ammo-Phos No. 6	16	13	8	3.50	.69.00
Ammo-Phos No. A	13	46	0	3.50	69.00
Ammo-Phos No. B	20	20	0	3.00	59.00

Put up in 100-lb. bags. Prices quoted are prepaid by freight. Call or write for special pamphlets on Ammo-Phos.

Manganese Sulphate. A soil corrective for Alkaline or sweet land. Plants yellowed by Manganese starvation are easily strengthened by applications of Manganese Sulphate at the rate of from 100 to 200 lbs. per acre. Put up in 100-lb. bags. 100 lbs. \$3.50, f.o.b. Plant City; ton \$69.25, delivered.

GERMAN PEAT MOSS. very good to add humus and hold moisture in seed-beds. Also an excellent poultry litter. Prices: 1 Bale (about 100 lbs.) \$2.50; f.o.b. Plant City.

KAINIT (German). 14% available potash. Put up in 100-lb. bags. 100 lbs. \$1.10, f.o.b. Plant City; ton \$20.50. 300 lbs. and up delivered.

STEAMED BONE MEAL. 3 per cent Ammonia. 14% available phosphoric acid. 5 lbs. 15c; 10 lbs. 25c; 25 lbs. 50c; 100 lbs. \$1.95, f.o.b. Plant City. 300 lbs. and up delivered.

NITRATE OF POTASH. It is high in both ammonia and potash. 100 lbs. \$2.20, f.o.b. Plant City; ton \$42.25. 300 lbs. and up delivered.

NITRATE OF SODA. 19% ammonia. Put up in 100-lb. bags. 100 lbs. \$1.90, f.o.b. Plant City; ton \$38.00. 300 lbs. and up delivered.

SUPERPHOSPHATE (Acid Phosphate). Acid Phosphate is a valuable fertilizer and has corrected many plant troubles, particularly on muck soil. 16 per cent available Phosphoric Acid. 100 lbs. \$1.00, f.o.b. Plant City; ton \$19.50. 300 lbs. and up delivered.

HARDWOOD ASHES. Fine for sour and acid soils. 2 per cent potash, put up in 100-lb. bags. 100 lbs. \$1.05, f.o.b. Plant City; ton \$20.00. 300 lbs. and up delivered.

LIME, Hydrated. Lime is a wonderful land-sweetener, and should be used on all new land that is just being cultivated. It is also a good thing for old land. Use at the rate of a half ton to a ton per acre, broadcast, before breaking the ground. If your soil is new and sour, the application should be heavier. You can use Hydrated with safety. 50-lb. bag 50c; ton \$19; 1/ton at ton rate, f.o.b. Plant City.

GOAT MANURE. 2 to 3 percent Potash and 1 to 2 percent Ammonia. Put up in 100-lb. bags. 100 lbs. \$1.35, f.o.b. Plant City; ton \$26.00. 300 lbs. and up delivered.

ONE OF OUR SPECIALTIES



Kilgore's Bred-Rite Marglobe Tomato

**KILGORE'S
BRED-RITE
SEEDS**

TRADE MARK
This superior strain has been especially developed and selected for Florida and southern growing conditions, until today Kilgore's Bred-Rite Marglobe tomato seed is considered the standard of quality by leading southern tomato growers.

Stock seed is saved each year from only the best and most vigorous plants showing an open character of growth and uniform trueness to type. Only plants which develop a high yield of large-sized, fancy, smooth, deep-globe shaped, thick-walled fruits are selected for stock seed. This especially selected stock seed produces plants for market seed in our carefully supervised seed-growing fields in the middle-west, in new tomato growing country, free of tomato diseases.

For high yields of fancy fruits which command fancy prices plant Kilgore's Bred-Rite Marglobe tomato seed. For detailed description see page 17. Oz. 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.40; lb. \$5.00; 10 lbs. \$4.50 lb. Postpaid.

THE KILGORE SEED COMPANY
GENERAL OFFICES AND MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT

--

PLANT CITY, FLORIDA



KILGORE'S BRED-RITE SEEDS

TRADE MARK

A twenty-five acre field of Kilgore's Pride celery grown by Bell Brothers on the Palmer Muck Farms, Sarasota, Fla. This field averaged over 300 packed crates per acre.



THE Kilgore Seed Company, after many years of careful breeding and selection, introduced this strain of the special or Golden Plume type of celery. Today, Kilgore's Pride is considered a leader in the Sanford and Sarasota, Florida, celery growing sections, and it is rapidly gaining in popularity in New York State and Michigan where in numerous tests it has been found to surpass all other strains of the Golden Plume Type.

Kilgore's Pride is early in maturity, produces a very vigorous growth with broad, long, thick ribs, and with an exceptionally heavy heart of exceedingly attractive deep golden yellow color.

Leading Celery growers everywhere claim Kilgore's Pride is one of the finest strains of celery ever introduced, producing an enormous yield of the most desirable market type. FOR DETAILED DESCRIPTION SEE PAGE 8. Oz. \$1.50; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$4.00; lb. \$15.00; 10 lbs. \$13.50 lb., postpaid.

THE KILGORE SEED COMPANY

GENERAL OFFICES AND MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT

•••

PLANT CITY, FLORIDA